THE BEAVER ARGUS

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY in the old Argus building, on THIRD STREET, BEAVER, PA., at

TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Single copies of the paper will be furnished, in wrappers, at *five cents* each.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To insure attention, favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as a guaranty against imposition.

Letters and communications should be addressed to

J. WEYAND, *Editor & Proprietor.*

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

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ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $1 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to ten lines of this type measured as a square.

Business Notices set under a head, by the year, immediately after the local news, will be charged invariably ten cents a line for each insertion.

Marriages and deaths announced free of charge.

The publisher reserves the right to change advertisements from one place in the paper to another, whenever it is desirable to do so.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY.

On and after April 29, 1867, Trains will leave Stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows. [Train leaving Chicago at 4:50, P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Pittsburgh	645AM	930AM	215PM	200AM
Rochester	815	1040	352	310
Salem	1039	1238PM	528	453
Alliance	1140	110	620	559
Canton	1234PM	156	706	623
Massillon	1255	216	730	646
Orrville	138	253	808	719
Wooster	213	328	840	746
Mansfield	405	500	1014	920
Crestline	445	530	1045	950
	600AM	610	1100	1000
Berrens	635	640	1135	1025
Upper Sandusky	719	723	1220AM	1100
Forest	758	755	1255	1128
Lima	915	911	215	1230PM
Van Wert	1034	1020	330	127
Fort Wayne	1220PM	1145	520	309
Columbia	110	1230AM	604	346
Warsaw	200	121	554	436
Plymouth	300	220	751	540
Valparaiso	435	357	927	718
Chicago	700	550	1130	920

TRAINS GOING EAST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Accom
Chicago	230AM	1030PM	450PM	430AM
Valparaiso	500	1250	627AM	697
Plymouth	1038	209	810	829
Warsaw	1123	420	901	940
Columbia	1219PM	530	944	1023
Fort Wayne	125	700	1030	1135
Van Wert	320	831	1136	1252PM
Lima	333	950	1234AM	215
Forest	430	1106	141	350
Upper Sandusky	503	1165	206	424
Berrens	538	1215PM	241	511
Crestline	605	1250	310	550
	625	900	330	600AM
Mansfield	657	230	348	636
Wooster	840	405	516	835
Orrville	907	430	549	905
Smith Wilk	943	504	618	941
Canton	1004	521	633	1000
Massillon	1020	625	730	1115
Alliance	1133	657	759	1149
Salem	1235AM	845	940	215PM
Rochester	220	950	1045	340
Pittsburgh	440	1130	1230PM	600

Youngstown, New Castle and Erie Express leaves Youngstown at 3:00 p. m; New Castle, 4:05 p. m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 6:35 p. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 8:00 a. m; arrives at N. Castle, 10:35 a. m; Youngstown 9:30.

Accommodation, New Castle and Pittsburgh Accommodation leaves Youngstown, 5:45 a. m; New Castle, 7:20 a. m; arrives at Allegheny, 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Allegheny, 1:30 p. m; arrives New Castle, 6:20 p. m; Youngstown, 7:20 p. m.

F. R. MYERS, *General Ticket Agent.*

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after April 29, 1867, trains will leave Stations daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Cleveland	800AM	215PM	.....	315PM
Bedford	831	256	.....	359
Hudson	905	330	.....	510
Cuyahoga	1010	425	.....	546
Brecksville	1110	510	.....	650
Akron	1144	543	.....	....
Wadsville	1220PM	700	.....	....

GOING NORTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	.....	Accom
Akron	850AM	412PM	.....	....
Peninsula	1022	536	.....	....
Hudson	1115	605	.....	715AM
Bedford	1204PM	653	.....	810
Berea	1236	716	.....	850
Euclid Station	107	801	.....	1002
Cleveland	150	815	.....	1015

GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Accom
Wadsville	420PM	603	1030	.....
Akron	455	731	1108	.....
Cuyahoga	720	820	1140AM	610
Brecksville	742	842	202	645
Hudson	812	912	230	735
Bedford	850	950	310	745
Peninsula	930	1025	350	910

GOING WEST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Accom
Cleveland	615AM	300PM	435PM	330PM
Euclid	725	305	545	445
Berea	751	515	625	455
Spafford Corners	813	343	638	544
Columbia	845	420	720	620
Strongsville	859	520	818	.....
Strongsville	1112	630	922	.....
Wellington	1125	640	935	.....

"TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves	Arrives
N. Philadelphia, 6:50, p. m.	Bayard, 9:35, a. m.
Bayard, 9:55, a. m.	N. Philadelphia, 2:50, p. m.

F. R. MYERS, *General Ticket Agent.*

NOT YET "GONE UNDER."

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform his friends and the public generally, that he still lives, and keeps constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of

LADIES',
GENTLEMEN'S
AND CHILDREN'S

Boots and Shoes,

OF ALL KINDS,

Which he will sell at the lowest possible prices. In addition to his Eastern made stock of Boots and Shoes, he also keeps on hand a large assortment of his own manufacture, and is prepared to do job work or repairing in the shortest notice, and as well as can be done at any other shop in the county.

Thankful to the public for past favors in my business, I respectfully ask that they may be continued. All Eastern work that rips will be repaired free of charge.

apr19tf. ROBERT TALLON.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN APPOINTED Agent for the Ætna Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., and likewise for the Niagara Insurance Company of New York, and the Enterprise Insurance Company of Philadelphia.

Each of these Companies insure dwellings, out-buildings, Manufactories, &c., &c., against loss by fire on favorable terms for five years or less.

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid, when insurance is effected. All business connected with the above Companies attended to with dispatch and fidelity. JOS. M'CLURE, Agent.

Beaver, Pa.

LAUGHING GAS!

TO ALL YE THAT HAVE BEEN SUFFERING the dread miseries of toothache, and dread of extraction, you will find that Dr. Chandler & Co. have just received the use of the great pain destroyer LAUGHING GAS—and make their extractions a matter of pleasure rather than of pain.

All dental operations performed in the best possible manner, and at reasonable terms as by any good Dentist in the country.

Office in Beaver Station, Rochester, Pa.

apr3-1y. T. J. CHANDLER & CO.

REMOVAL.

G. BRAUN HAS REMOVED HIS CLOTHING AND FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT to the building on Main street, nearly opposite to the Union Cooperative Store in New Brighton, Pa.

He takes this opportunity of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has just received a large and well selected stock of Goods, which he proposes to sell at prices that defy competition.

Call and examine for yourselves.

Garments made to order on the shortest notice. All work warranted to fit.

apr3'67:3m

PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned proposes to sell at Public auction on Saturday, June 15, inst. at 10 o'clock A. M. on the premises in Brighton township, in Chippewa township, the following Machinery, Tools, Rope and Lumber belonging to the Richland Oil Company.

J. CUNNINGHAM.
J. BRADEN,
M. TOWNSEND, } Directors.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of SYLVESTER DUNHAM, late of Beaver township, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent will make known the same without delay.

S. J. CROSS, Adm'r.

On the Shores of Tennessee.

"Move my arm-chair, faithful Pompey,
In the sunshine bright and strong,
For this world is fading, Pompey—
Massa won't be with you long;
And I fain would hear the south wind
Bring once more the sound to me
Of the wavelets softly breaking
On the shores of Tennessee.

"Mournful though the ripples murmur,
As they still the story tell,
How no vessels float the banner
That I've loved so long and well,
I shall listen to their music,
Dreaming that again I see
Stars and Stripes on wloop and shallop,
Sailing up the Tennessee.

"And, Pompey, while old Massa's waiting
For death's last dispatch to come,
If that exiled starry banner
Should come proudly sailing home,
You shall greet it, slave no longer—
Voice and hand shall both be free
That shout and point to Union colors,
On the waves of Tennessee."

"Massa's berry kind to Pompey;
But ole darky's happy here,
Where he's tended corn and cotton
For 'ose many a long-gone year.
Over yonder Missis sleeping—
No one tends her grave like me;
Mebbe she would miss the flowers
She used to love in Tennessee.

"Pears like she was watching, Massa,
If Pompey should beside him stay;
Mebbe she'd remember better
How for him she used to pray;
Telling him that way up yonder
White as snow his soul would be,
If he served the Lord of heaven
While he lived in Tennessee."

Silently the tears were rolling
Down the poor old dusky face,
As he stepped behind his master,
In his long-accustomed place.
Then a silence fell around them,
As they gazed on rock and tree,
Pictured in the placid waters
Of the rolling Tennessee:—

Master, dreaming of the battle
Where he fought by Marion's side,
When he bid the haughty Tarleton
Stoop his lordly crest of pride;
Man remember how you sleeper
Once he held upon his knee,
Ere she loved the gallant soldier,
Ralph Vervair, of Tennessee.

Still the south wind fondly lingers
'Mid the veteran's silvery hair;
Still the bondman, close beside him,
Stands behind the old arm-chair.
With his dark-hued hand uplifted,
Shading eyes he bends to see
Where the woodland, boldly jutting,
Turns aside the Tennessee.

Thus he watches cloud-born shadows
Glide from tree to mountain crest,
Softly creeping, aye and ever,
To the river's yielding breast;
Ha! above the foliage yonder
Something flutters wild and free—
The flag's come back to Tennessee!"

"Pompey, hold me on your shoulder,
Help me stand on foot once more,
That I may salute the colors
As they pass my cabin door.
Here's the paper signed that frees you:
Give a freeman's shout with me—
'God and Union!' be our watchword
Ever more in Tennessee."

Then the trembling voice grew fainter,
And the limbs refused to stand;
One prayer to Jesus—and the soldier
Glided to that better land.
When the flag went down the river,
Man and master both were free,
While the ring-dove's note was mingled
With the rippling Tennessee.

The Reason Why.

We see that quite a number of our cotemporaries are using exclamation points over the announcement that the Southern States have swept off all the honors at West Point. The six best scholars at West Point, appointed during the war, hail from the South, and nine of the first twelve places on the scale of general merit are taken this year by men appointed from the South. The inquiry is also raised if the South was considered entitled to cadet privileges during the war. We think we can make a satisfactory explanation—one that will perhaps, soothe the ruffled pride of the Northern States. It so happens that the successful graduates accredited to the South really belong to the Northern and Western States who, having distinguished themselves by gallant services in the Union army during the early part of the war, were nominated to West Point as from Southern States, in order to fill up the allotment of cadets according to those States previous to the rebellion. The citizens of those States had cut themselves off from the privileges of West Point scholarship by going into the rebellion; but, as above stated, under the rule of apportionment, gallant, meritorious Union boys from the North were sent to West Point accredited to these Southern States.—*Washington Star.*

A FATHER living near Cincinnati, was one evening learning his little boy to recite his Sunday school lesson. It was from the fourteenth chapter of Mathew, wherein is related the parable of the malicious individual who went about sowing tares, etc.

"What is a tare?" asked the anxious parent.

Johnny hesitated.

"Tell me, my son, what a tare is?"

"You had 'em!" said Johnny, casting down his eyes and wriggling his feet.

"Had 'em!" said the astonished parent, opening his eyes rather wide, "why, what do you mean, Johnny?"

"When you didn't home, home for three days last week," said Johnny. "I heard mother tell Aunt Susan that you was off on a tare."

The Sunday school lesson was brought to an abrupt close, and Johnny, the cunning little rogue, was sent off to bed.

MAMMA, said a little girl to her mother, 'do the men want to get married as bad as the women do?' 'Pshaw! What are you talking about?' 'Why, ma, the women who come here are always talking about getting married—the men don't.

A CHIMNEY at Thompsonville, Conn, 100 feet high and containing 100,000 bricks, was moved, last week, a distance of 70 feet without damage.

AN Arkansas Colonel had the following order for mounting his men: First order—Prepare fer tur git onto yer creeters. Second order—Git!

WHY are your eyes like stage horses?—They are always under the lashes.

THE ALBANY MURDER.

ALBANY, June 5.—The murder of last night is still the prominent topic of conversation. Opinions are divided as to the justification of the act, but among the members of the Convention the sympathy is almost wholly with Mr. Hiscock. His character in the past is said by those who know him best to be free from any stain, nor has rumor even pointed at him. In the Convention this morning the Hon. Martin J. Townsend of Troy characterized the act as an assassination, and thought it the duty of the Convention, as the molders and upholders of law to call murder by its right name.

Although the prisoner was much excited last evening, he to-day appears cool and collected. He does not regret the act nor his own suffering, but laments the publicity and shame which it must bring upon his wife whom he describes as a high-spirited woman. His friends have engaged as counsel Mr. Hadley of this city, who gained high reputation as a criminal lawyer in the defense of Mrs. Hartung.

The wife of the prisoner and her brother-in-law, John L. Cuyler, arrived here yesterday afternoon, from Syracuse, at 4½, Mrs. Cole taking room No. 165, and Mr. Cuyler room No. 166 Delavan House. They were on their way to Brooklyn. Dr. Cole arrived at the hotel at 6 o'clock, but from whence was not known to the clerk. The time of the arrival would indicate the New York train.—He did not exhibit any excitement. He prefixed the word "Dr. and" before the name of his wife on the register, and called for a double room, the one engaged by his wife being a single one. He subsequently, however, sent word down that the one already secured would answer.

There seems but little doubt that the murder was premeditated. Not only was Cole heavily armed, but one fact which did not transpire at the Coroner's inquest adds to this belief. Upon returning to Stanwix Hall on Tuesday evening, after the drawing of seats, Mr. Hiscock found a note for him from a lady, making an appointment to meet him. He mentioned it to a friend, remarking that it was too late to keep the appointment when he received the note. This was less than half an hour previous to the murder, and it is asserted that Mrs. Cole was the writer.

Later developments tend to show that Mrs. Cole come on to Albany to warn Hiscock of her husband's intention to kill him, and sent him a note which arrived too late to be of service in making an appointment to meet him.

Frank Hiscock, a brother of the deceased, arrived here early this morning from Syracuse, and with a number of friends will return in the 1:15 p. m. train with the remains, which have been packed in ice. Mrs. Cole telegraphed to San Francisco last night to her husband's brother, the United States Senator from California. This morning she visited her husband in jail. Between 9 and 10 o'clock Gen. Cole sent for Ex-Lieut-Gov. Sanford E. Church and William J. Hadley, the well-known criminal lawyer of this city, and they made a brief visit professionally. There "Bill Hacket, a negro in Cole's employ, is a fine, finely-looking man of middle age, evenly built, fine-looking man of middle age, every line of whose face bears the impress of an iron will. Mr. Cole is a physician by occupation. He served in the army, holding a commission as Colonel, and was breveted Brigadier-General for, meritorious services. He formerly resided in Seneca Co. but since his return from the army has lived in Syracuse. Senator Cole of California, is a brother, and another brother is Consul at Acapulco. Mr. Cole had recently been appointed a detective in the revenue service in New York. He is said, by his acquaintances, to have borne an irreproachable character from his youth, and to possess a sensitive nature, full of tenderness for those he loves. He is 39 years of age. He served in the army under Gen. Butler, being Inspector of Cavalry on the staff of that officer. At that time he was a Major in the 2d New York Volunteers.—Subsequently he raised a regiment of Colored Cavalry, (the 3d), of which he was made Colonel. He stood high in the army, was of quick disposition, brave and generous, and of the most temperate habits. He has two daughters, one of 14, and the other of 11. His family connections are of the highest respectability. Since the war he has been in the revenue service, and it is rumored that Mr. Hiscock, was at this very time, working for his promotion with the authorities at Washington. The friends of Mr. Hiscock speak well of the previous personal character of Gen. Cole, and his reputation in the army is unimpeachable. The prisoner's attachment to his wife amounts to an infatuation, and he is very loth to attach any blame to her.—Considering the rank of the parties, and the high respectability of their connections, the trial promises to be one of unequaled interest.

Mr. Hiscock was born the 2d of May, 1824, in the town of Pompey, Onondaga county, N. Y. His parents were of English and Scotch origin. His grandfather, Richard Hiscock, was a soldier in the American Revolution. The maternal ancestry of Mr. Hiscock was a long line of Harrises, coming down to the family connection of the Hon. Ira Harris, United States Senator, who is a cousin of the subject of our sketch. Mr. Hiscock had only the advantages of an academical education, but had acquired a high mental culture which many collegians might feel proud to possess. He was a farmer's son, and at the age of 17 commenced teaching common school in his town. In the interim he had given much time to the study of law, and finally completing his studies with that distinguished lawyer, the Hon. Daniel Gott of Pompey, and was admitted to the bar in 1840, he being one of four admitted out of a class of nine. In the same year he opened a law office in Tully, Onondaga county, and in February, 1849 was elected Justice of the Peace of the town, which he held for four years. In 1850 was elected Supervisor of the same town, and was almost unnanimously re-elected in 1851. In the fall of that year he was nominated by the Democrats for the office of Surrogate against Col. Minard a popular Whig, who was then an incumbent of the office. The contest was unusually spirited, and to a great extent personal, and resulted in Mr. Hiscock's election by 600 majority. He held this office until January 1, 1856 when he opened a law office in Syracuse.

Mr. Hiscock was an active Democrat up to 1856, when he united in a call of seventeen dissatisfied Democrats for a meeting at the City Hall, Syracuse, in July of that year, which culminated in a Republican majority of nearly 7,000 in the county of Onondaga at the ensuing Presidential election.

During the Rebellion Mr. Hiscock was a co-laborer in the cause of patriotism. He contributed of his means freely, and used his influence to promote enlistments, and to aid the Government generally in its struggle for liberty.

In the fall of 1865 he was, by acclamation, nominated by the Republicans for member of Assembly in the IIId District of Onondaga county, and was elected by a majority of over 1,300. On the organization of the House he was placed second respectively, on the committees on Judiciary, Militia, General Orders, and Public Moneys; Judge Selden, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, was ill most of the session, the duties of the Chairmanship during Judge Selden's absence were performed by Mr. Hiscock, who signalized himself in the performance of the various duties which frequently call an able man to important questions.

In the fall of 1866 he was re-elected to the Legislature. Of late years the *New York Tribune* and other leading Republican journals coupled his name for the speakership with that of the present incumbent, Speaker Pitts, as well as with that name of other prominent gentlemen of the party; and, although many ardent friends in various parts of the State urged him to be a candidate for the position, he declined. Mr. Hiscock in the last Assembly was Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, and second on Privileges and Elections.

Although his name has not been fraught with many public honors, it is a gratification to his many friends to know that what few positions he has filled have been honored by his industry and fidelity. He was a self-made man. Though liberal in economy, he was benevolent to all worthy cause, and would not lend his aid to any other, either for public or private deformity.

As a debater Mr. Hiscock was fluent and brief. He was not showy, but solid, clear, and logical. He used little oratory for the heart, but cardinal convincing arguments to the mind.

He was chosen delegate to the Constitutional Convention while acting as a member of Assembly. He arrived in this city on Saturday, and took an active part in the organization of the Convention.

Mr. Hiscock leaves two very promising children, a daughter of 14, and a son of 11.—Their mother died eight years ago. He leaves a property of about $40,000.

A Terrible Bedfellow.

I looked at my neighbor with considerable curiosity. His face indicated a man of not over thirty years—a period at which men are still young; but his hair was as white as fresh fallen snow. One seldom sees, even on the heads of the oldest men, hair of such immaculate whiteness. He sat by my side in a car of the Great Western Railroad, in Canada, and was looking out of the window. Suddenly turning his head he caught me in the act of staring at him—a rudeness of which I was ashamed. I was about to say words of apology, when he quietly remarked:

"Don't mention it, sir; I am used to it."

The frankness of this observation pleased me and in a very little while we were conversing on the terms of familiar acquaintanship; and before long he told me the whole story.

"I was a soldier in the army of India," said he, "and as is often the case with soldiers, I was a little too fond of liquor. One day I got drunk and was shut up in the black hole for it. I dumped down on the floor of the dungeon, and I was just dropping off to sleep, when I felt a cold, slimy thing crawling across my right hand as it lay stretched out above my head on the floor. I knew at once what it was—a snake! Of course my first impulse was to draw my hand back, but like a trip hammer. Of course my fright sobered me instantly. I realized all my peril in its fullest extent. O how I lamented the hour that I had touched liquor, they say there is a serpent in it; but it does not come to everybody as it came to me. With a slow undulating motion the reptile dragged its carcass across my face, inch by inch, and crept down over my breast and thrust its head inside my jacket. As I felt the hideous scraping of the slimy body over my cheeks it was only by the most tremendous effort that I succeeded in restraining myself from yelling loudly with mingled terror and disgust.

At last I felt the tail wriggling down towards my chin: but imagine what I felt at heart, if you *can* imagine it, as I realized that dreadful creature had coiled itself up under my jacket as I lay, and had seemingly gone to sleep, for it was still as death. Evidently it had no idea that I was a human creature; if it had it would never have acted in this manner. All snakes are cowardly and they will not approach a man unless to strike him in self-defense. Three hours I lay with that dreadful weight on my bosom, and each minute was like an hour to me—like a year. I seemed to have lived a life-time in that brief space. Every incident of my life passed across my memory in rapid succession, as they say is the case with a drowning man. I thought of my mother, away in old England; my happy home by the Avon; my Mary, the girl that I loved, and never expected to see them more.

"For no matter how long I bore this, I felt that it would end in death at last. I lay as rigid as a corpse, scarcely daring even to breathe and all the time my breast was growing colder and colder where the snake was lying against it, with nothing but a thin cotton shirt between me and it. I knew if I stirred it would strike; but I felt that I could not bear this much longer. Even if I succeeded in lying still until the guard came, I expected his opening the door and coming in would be my death warrant all the same; for no doubt the reptile would see I was a man as soon as the light was let in at the door.—At last I heard footsteps approaching. There was a rattling at the lock. It was the guard. He opened the door. The snake—a *cobra di capello* I now saw—darting up its huge hooded head, with the hideous rings around its eyes as if about to strike. I shut my eyes and murmured a prayer. Then it glided away with a swift motion and disappeared in the darkness. I staggered to my feet and fell swooning into the arms of the guard. For weeks after I was very sick; and when I was able to be about, I found my hair as white as you now see it. I have not touched a drop of liquor since.

THE Charlottsville (Virginia) *Chronicle*—a paper which needed reconstruction and has accepted the Sherman plan—thus sensibly discusses the utter uselessness of the wreck once known as the Democratic party:

"The Northern Democracy *have use for us* in peace, *they have not in war.* Their object is to make party capital; and the South is merely a ball that is struck by the bats of the contending parties. But the very moment Ben Wood & Co. show their heads plainly and run up boldly the Democratic flag, and call on the South to stand by them *as a unit*, the very moment will *the North be's unit* against the South and all the Democratic champions. It is hatred and fear of the Democratic party (whose strength was in the South) that has made the Northern people so sharp and so extreme with the South. It is this hatred and fear which has kept the sore running since the war. *There will be no peace for the South until the Democratic party marches off the field of battle.*"

A CLIMAX.—I stood in the deserted halls of my father—I gazed round on the bare walls, and down the hollow-sounding corridors—I cried aloud—"The friends of my early youth—where are they? where?" And echo answered—*Really, I don't know.*

What to do With the South.

The election in Washington City is the finest gun of the campaign. The negro vote has enabled us to carry that city by a very decided majority. If our friends had managed the canvass with a little more prudence, we might have increased the vote. The leading Republican papers had a kind of incoherent way of appealing to the prejudices of the negroes, endeavoring to array class against class, and bring to the ballot-box a spirit of vengeance. This was deplorable, and was only neutralized by the ridiculous stupidity of the Copperheads, who began the canvass by calling the negroes gorillas, and ended it by fraternal demonstrations of attachment.—In Washington, the negro vote is a power, and we entreat our friends not to excite and degrade it by insisting upon anger and revenge.

We have carried Washington, and we can carry the South. These military times must end, and the speedier the better. They are doing their work well, but it is like surgery, or a severe course of medicine—the sooner it is over the better. We want to have the South fully aroused and educated, and made to feel the sublime dignity of the suffrage.—Especially must this be done with the negro. The very fact that the negro comes from Slavery, that he has been down-trodden, that he walks as one in darkness, because the light so long, hidden bursts freshly upon him, should make us prudent. We should feel well satisfied to-morrow if fifty thousand negroes were to go up to the polls and vote with the Opposition, provided they voted conscientiously. We should deplore any course that arrayed class against class, that made sex, color, or nationality a rallying cry. Voters should not accept the ballot as an instrument of vengeance, as the means of gratifying hatred. Our friends, in dealing with the negro, should ignore every argument of bitterness. The policy of vengeance skirts the Rocky Mountains, and has a few followers, we believe, in beleaguered sections of the country where the mails do not run regularly; but no sincere Republican believes that any good can come from blood-dabbling, or rooting among the graves of the gallant dead. We wish no more howling or gnashing of teeth. It will only bring discomfort, unrest, endless toil, and trouble. We want hearty peace, confidence, nationality.

This can be done with the South, and in doing it we can carry many of the Southern States. We want to meet the Conservative men of the South in a fair and square contest. Let any issue be made—tariff, revenues, internal improvements—any issue of legislation and politics, and we shall strive with them to lead them into the true path. The use of political discussion is to convince, and the negro needs conviction as well as his white fellow citizen. He must be made to see that it is for the glory of the Republic that the Republican party should be charged with the national administration. Wise men must teach him this. Wilson and Kelley did well, and others follow them competent to instruct. The sentiment of Chief-Justice Chase to Lee—that last example to the Bar—the Chief-Justice of the United States.

"I rejoice," he said, "that I have the opportunity to meet you now, and to meet you with all men upon an equality and equal before the law. We have passed through a fiery trial; but with the peace which has followed we have freedom; *and let us all, without exception of color, aid in restoring our whole country.* That, I believe is and ever will be the desire of my heart." This should be the message of every Republican. We see that Frederick Douglass is about to make a tour among the negroes. Good will come from this.—Mr. Douglass knows the sentiment of the North. He is a generous, sagacious, good man, and will have a marvelous influence with the negro. We charge him, as one having a high responsibility, to lose no opportunity of making the reconstruction of the South perfect by commending peace, and charity, and good will, to consolidate every class, to urge upon his brethren the highest duties of nationality.

If this is well and wisely done, we shall save many years of strife. Let the South be flooded with missionaries of peace. Let the rural sections be traversed, the cross-roads visited, the village churches, the schools, and plantations. Mere orations in large cities are well as a beginning, but the cities contain only a small portion of the Southern people. Let every county be visited, and let the canvass be carried to the hearthstones. A thousand good men could do a work in the South in the next two years that will be felt for generations. Let them be sent, and let them do their work in the spirit of kindness and love.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

(From the Richmond (Va.) Examiner.)

A Wife That Crows.

There is in this city a young married woman, who is very strongly afflicted with a mania for imitating the crowing of the morning cock, while in a state of somnolence.—We are assured that at the hour appointed by nature for chanticleer to frighten away the midnight prowlers from yawning graveyards, the unfortunate husband of the "crowing wife," on the first night of his marriage, was roused from his slumbers by a most lusty crowing. On opening his eyes, what was his astonishment to behold his better half seated in the middle of the connubial couch, flapping her wings, and crowing in a loud and clear voice, stretching out her neck in the most approved rooster fashion. Thrice did she thus "herald in the morn," and then sank back and slept on. In the morning he spoke to her about it, and was not more surprised than amused to learn that she was born in the country, and that a favorite "Shanghai," which rested, with his feathered family, in the hen coop near the window of the maternal bed chamber, frightened mother by his loud crowing, and thus the child was "marked." And ever since she has been wont to wake the echoes of the coming dawn by imitating "ye rooster," and still each morn she flaps her wings and crows."

As the business of the husband requires him to rise very early, he is rather pleased than otherwise to find his wife possessed of this additional accomplishment, which dispenses with the necessity of having an alarm clock, though having heard his grandmother say that the crowing of a hen indicated illluck, unless her head were immediately cut off, he is in some doubt whether, in order to secure good fortune to his household, he is not in duty bound to stop his wife's crowing, by severing her musical throat. We advise him to let his "hen" crow on, as long as she does not "peck" him.

Some persons may question the truth of this remarkable incident, but we can assure such that it is true in every particular, and can be vouched for by responsible parties who have known the lady from infancy, and the moral of it is, that ladies who do not desire "crowing children" should not sleep too near the hen coop.

LOUISIANA.

Another Letter from Lieut.-Gen. Longstreet—He Unites with the Republican Party in the Great Work of Reconstruction.

NEW ORLEANS, May 16, 1867.

GEN. JAMES LONGSTREET: *General*—In your admirable letter of the 6th ultimo you remark that "our efforts at reconstruction will be vain and useless unless we embark in the enterprize with the sincerity of purpose which will command success." The spirit which inspired the above paragraph, together with the fact that thousands of brave soldiers are still ready to follow their leader wherever he may see fit to call them, has emboldened me to extend to you an invitation to attend a mass meeting on Lafayette square to-morrow evening, at which the Hon. Henry Wilson, a distinguished leader in the Republican party, will address the citizens of New Orleans. As soldiers, we were opposed to each other during the late war; but as citizens may we not wisely unite in efforts to restore Louisiana to her former position in the Union through the party now in power, and which in all probability will retain power for many years to come? If you accept, I shall be glad to hear your views on the condition of public affairs. Respectfully yours, etc.,

JOHN M. G. PARKER.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., June 3d, 1867.

J. M. G. PARKER, Esq.: *My Dear Sir*—Your esteemed favor of the 13th ult. was duly received. I was much pleased to have the opportunity to hear Senator Wilson, and was agreeably suprised to meet such fairness and frankness in a politician whom I had been taught to believe uncompromisingly opposed to the white people of the South. I have maturely considered your suggestion to "wisely unite in efforts to restore Louisiana to her former position in the Union, through the party now in power" My letter of the 6th of April, to which you refer, clearly indicates a desire for practical reconstruction and reconciliation. Practical men can surely distinguish between practical reconstruction and reconstruction as an abstract question. I will endeavor, however, with renewed energy, to meet your wishes in the matter. The serious difficulty that I apprehend is the want of that wisdom which is necessary for the great work. I shall be happy to work in any harness that promises relief to our distressed people and harmony to the nation. It matters not whether I bear the mantle of Mr. Davis or the mantle of Mr. Sumner, so that I may help to bring the glory of "peace and good-will toward men." I shall set out by assuming a proposition that I hold to be self-evident, viz: The highest of human laws is the law that is established by appeal to arms. The great principles that divided political parties prior to the war were thoroughly discussed by our wisest statesmen. When argument was exhausted resort was had to compromise. Appeal was finally made to the sword, to determine which of the claims was the true construction of constitutional law. The sword has decided in favor of the North, and what they claimed as principles cease to be principles, and are become law. The views that we held cease to be principles because they are opposed to law. It is therefore our duty to abandon ideas that are obsolete and conform to the requirements of law. The Military bill, and amendments, are peace offerings. We should accept them as such, and place ourselves upon them as the starting point from which to meet future political issues as they arise. Like other Southern men, I naturally sought alliance with the Democratic party, merely because it was opposed to the Republican party. But as far as I can judge, there is nothing tangible about it except the issues that were staked upon the war and there lost. Finding nothing to take hold of except prejudice, which cannot be worked into food for any one, it is proper and right that I should seek some standpoint from which good may be done. If I appreciate the principles of the Democratic party, its prominent features oppose the enfranchisement of the colored man, and deny the right to legislate upon the subject of suffrage, except by the States, individually. These two features have a tendency to exclude Southern men from that party; for the colored man is already enfranchised here, and we cannot seek alliance with a party that would restrict his rights. The exclusive right of the States to legislate upon suffrage will make the enfranchisement of the blacks, whether for better or for worse, a fixture among us. It appears, therefore, that those who cry loudest against this new order of things as a public calamity are those whose principles would fix it upon us without a remedy. Hence it becomes us to insist that suffrage should be extended in all the States, and fully tested.—The people of the North should adopt what they have forced upon us; and if it will be proved to be a mistake, they should remove it by the remedy under republican principles of uniform laws upon suffrage. If every man in the country will meet the crises with a proper appreciation of our condition, and come fairly up to his responsibilities, on to-morrow the sun will smile upon a happy people, our fields will again begin to yield their increase, our railroads and rivers will teem with abundant commerce, our towns and cities will resound with the tumult of trade, and we shall be invigorated by the blessings of Almighty God. I am, Sir, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

JAMES LONGSTREET.

Looking on the Bright Side.

The wise man never stops to brood over evils real or imaginary. Many persons suffer all their misfortunes in double or triple magnitude by merely nursing their wrath.—Oftentimes they endure all the pains of death in giving rein to their imagination. A cheerful heart that in the sorest affliction reflects how much better things are than they might have been, is a priceless treasure to its possessor. A certain good natured Vermont farmer was once noted for possessing his equanimity, no matter what happened to disturb it, and the following anecdote is related

The black tongue prevailed in the State.—His own neighborhood suffered from the effects of the plague. One of his men entered the house, bearing the news that one of his red oxen was dead. "Is he?" said the old man, "well he was an unruly case. Take off his hide and carry it down to Fletcher's; it will bring the cash." In another hour or so the man came back with the news that the "line-backs" were both dead. "Are they?" said the old man; "well, I took them of B—— to save a bad debt that I never expected to get. Take their hides down to Fletcher's—they'll bring the cash." After the lapse of an hour more the man returned to tell him the brindle was dead. "Is he?" said the old philosopher: "well he was a very old ox. Take off his hide and take it down to Fletcher's; it's worth the cash, and will bring more than any two of the others." Hereupon his wife, taking upon herself the office of Elijah, reprimanded her husband severely, asked him if he was not aware that his loss was a judgment of heaven upon him on account of his wickedness. "Is it?" said the old fellow; "well if they take the judgment in cattle, its the easiest way I can pay it."

Thurlow Weed's Advice to Parents and Guardians.

The New York *Commercial* notes, as a bad sign of the times, the decay of the apprentice system:

"The neglect of parents to apprentice their sons, fills our streets with idlers, while it adds largely to inmates of Almshouses and Penitentaries. Parents with moderate incomes, or in reasonably prosperous business, from a mistaken tenderness, or from false pride, refuse to apprentice their sons.

The consequences is, that any reverse of fortune either throws their sons upon precarious occupations or casts them forth to live by their wits. Some obtain what most seek, small offices upon insecure tenures, and when turned out they are left dependent and destitute. Wood-sawing, compared with office-seeking, is an independent, manly, yeoman-like occupation.

We speak earnestly upon this subject, for it has been and is our fate to witness more than our share of the miseries resulting from a vicious domestic system. Indeed, we are not unlikely to be interrupted while penning this article, by appeals for places in the Custom House, Post office, police, or cars. This habitual and prevading reliance upon petty offices in large cities, is worse than famine or pestilence, for it generates both, with crime superadded.

The Beaver Argus.

J. WEYAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Beaver, Pa., June 19th, 1867.

Union County Nominations.

Assembly.
THOMAS NICHOLSON, Hanover tp.;
Associate Judge.
MILTON LAWRENCE, Greene tp.;
Prothonotary.
JOHN CAUGHEY, Beaver boro.;
Treasurer.
ELIJAH BARNES, Borough tp.;
Commissioner.
WM. EWING, Racoon tp.
Jury Commissioner.
JOSEPH C. WILSON, Beaver boro.
Auditor.
G. K. SHANNON, Hopewell tp';
Poor House Director.
SAMUEL McMANAMY, Economy tp.;
Trustee of Academy.
S. J. CROSS, Rochester boro.,
JOHN BARCLAY, Beaver boro.

THE Union Republican State Convention of California met at San Francisco on last Thursday and nominated George C. Gorham, as its candidate for Governor.

ADLINGTON, who committed a double murder in Butler county, this State, last winter, and who upon his trial a few weeks ago plead guilty received his sentence on the 4th inst.—The Court sentenced him to be confined in the Penitentiary for twelve years on each charge, making *twenty-four* years in all. In accordance with this sentence he was, on Monday of last week, taken to Allegheny and immured within the walls of the Penitentiary for western Pennsylvania.

THE indictment found against the members of the State Convention which met at New Orleans about a year ago, and which was broken up by Mayor Monroe and his police, was quashed a few days ago by the new Attorney General of that State. The indictment charged the members with assembling unlawfully, and of course could not have been sustained in a loyal court.

THE Democratic party in Western Pennsylvania has *talked* loudly in favor of a Free Railroad Law. Look now at the *acts* of its State Convention held at Harrisburg on the 11th of this month! It passed twelve resolutions, and not one of them refer even in a remote degree to a free railroad law, a subject of vital importance to the people of the State and one too about which our Beaver county Democrats have "blathered" for a year past. This failure to endorse the free railroad principle, is virtually admitting that the party is opposed to it, and the people will not fail to come to this very sensible conclusion long before the October election is held.

GEN. SHERIDAN evidently had no friends in the Democratic State Convention which assembled at Harrisburg on the 11th. A resolution endorsing the course of that gallant and loyal commander was offered by a Mr. [illegible] We respect Mr. Schofield's motives, but pity his "greenness." He should have known before, what his experience has just taught him, viz: that Democratic Conventions do not endorse men who whip traitors. They have never been known to do that, and it is very probable that history will never record an instance of the kind.

THE Democratic State Convention of Pennsylvania, met at Harrisburg on the 11th inst. and after a fierce contest for its chairmanship between the friends of Judge Jeremiah S. Black and the friends of Charles E. Boyle, the latter was selected as permanent President of the Convention.

The Convention was harmonious, and on the second ballot for a candidate for Supreme Judge, Hon. George Sharswood of Philadelphia was nominated. The resolutions adopted by the Convention will be found in another column of the *Argus*; and if any earnest sincere friend of the "Lost Cause," cannot give them his hearty approval, we would not know where to go to find him They will no doubt elicit a congratulatory letter from the Ex-Confederate President himself.

THE Republicans of Columbiana county, Ohio, held their Primary meetings on Saturday of last week. The popular vote plan has been in force in that county for quite a number of years, and we believe our friends there are perfectly satisfied with its workings.—The following nominations were made.

For Legislature—Josiah Thompson, J. K. Rukenbrod; Sheriff—John McLeran; Treasurer—Edwin Dutton.

Mr. Rukenbrod is the editor of the Salem *Republican*, and served his people in the Ohio Legislature some years ago. We used to know him well, and have no hesitation in saying that he will prove to be one of the most efficient Representatives in the Ohio Legislature. His election is a fore gone conclusion.

IN VIRGINIA, the Republicans have heretofore been divided into factions, and fears were everywhere entertained that such differences existed between them as would prevent their co-operation at the fall election. Senator Wilson and a few other prominent northern Republicans went to that State a few days ago, and brought the leaders of these factions together, face to face, and after a free interchange of opinion the "tomahawk" was buried, and all agreed upon the following call for a State Convention.

To the unconditional Union men of Virginia:

The Republican State Committee and the undersigned, citizens of the State of Virginia, who here avow ourselves unconditional Union men and members of the great Republican party of the United States, call on all others of like condition as common sufferers not to throw away this golden opportunity to rescue ourselves, our children and our State from the hands of those who have brought nothing but war, desolation, want and wretchedness upon our land, to meet in council at Richmond as more convenient than Charlottesville, on August 1st next, at noon, at the African church, for the purpose of extending and perfecting the organization of the Republican party, commenced by the Convention assembled at Richmond on the 17th of April last.

The call is signed by the Republican State Committee, Gov. Pierpont, Hon. J. M. Botts, Lewis McKenzie, of Alexandria, and 300 others.

The rival chiefs having been brought together, and the "old sores" healed over, it is confidently asserted that the Republicans will be able to carry the State election.

A BRUTAL prize fight occurred near the mouth of Aquia creek, Virginia, last week, between two "bruisers" named Aaron and Collyer. The fight was presided over by a leading Democratic politician of Philadelphia, named Bill McMullin, and continued about two hours and a half. Sixty-eight rounds were fought, and at the close of the last one Aaron was pronounced winner. The Democratic politician above alluded to, notified the press reporters present, that if they mentioned his name in connection with the fight in their reports, he would "slice your ears off when I catch you in Philadelphia." The manner of man he is, may be seen from his speech to the crowd on the occasion. Here it is:

"These hyer boys have come hyer to fight, and I have come to see 'em. I like to see it, and they're going to fight on their merits. I am chosen referee, and I'm going to caution them both once—when they make a mistake, and after that I'll decide against ary man who does it again."

THE editor of the *Local* avoids our question. Instead of telling us *why* his chevrons were cut from his arms while in the army, he simply admits that it was done and adds that immediately afterwards "straps" were given him.

When he answers our question properly by giving us the reason for his reduction to the ranks, we shall probably undertake to show that it was through a misfortune in his regiment that he obtained the straps of which he boasts, and also that they were considerably tarnished before he took them off.

MAXIMILIAN fares better than it was supposed some time ago, he would. Then he thought, as did the public generally, that the Liberalists would execute him almost as soon as captured; but more moderate counsels are said to have prevailed, and it is now given out that banishment from Mexico, will be the only punishment inflicted upon him. We hope this will prove true, as whatever may be said as to the propriety of his establishing an empire in Mexico, it must be admitted that in his adversity he has conducted himself like a brave, generous man.

THE Democratic Convention held at Harrisburg on the 11th inst. is said to have been a very *tame* affair. An exchange finds a reason for this, in the fact that "Bill. McMullin" and a few choice spirits who usually give vim to Democratic State Conventions were absent at the time, attending a prize fight on the Potomac. Had they been there, the Sharswood Convention would more than likely have been a lively gathering.

THE Attorney General's opinion on the power of Military Commanders to remove civil officers under the reconstruction act has just been promulgated, and is adverse. The President, now, it is supposed, will reinstate all civil officers removed by Sheridan and Pope. In view of his doing so, strenuous efforts are now making to have Congress meet, according to adjournment, in July.

[illegible] TRIAL IS NOW progressing in [illegible] On Monday Sergeant Joseph M. Dye, a recruiting sergeant in the regular army, testified that he saw Surratt in company with Booth in front of the theater, on the night of the assassination, and who called the time of night outside just before the fatal shot was fired. "When the witness said, "I see that man now; there he sits; (pointing to Surratt) I have seen his face frequently in my sleep. It was so very pale, I could never forget it," a visible sensation ran through the crowded court house, and the eyes of hundreds were on the pale but unmoved face of the prisoner, who was sitting just behind his counsel and in front of several members of the bar."

Petroleum for Steam Navigation.

In the New York *Tribune* of the 15th we find the following, which cannot fail to interest our readers, as many of them have oil interests, which have for some time past been comparatively worthless in their hands.—*Should* the invention referred to prove a complete success, and everything indicates it now, oil will take an upward turn immediately, and once generally used for navigation purposes, fair prices for it is firmly established. Holders of oil interests take courage then, for better times appear to be coming:

BOSTON, June 14.—A very important invention for substituting crude petroleum in the place of coal in steam navigation was tested on the Government steamship Palos to-day. Chief-Engineer Henderson of the Charleston Navy-Yard and Chief-Engineer Kellogg being present as Government Commissioners to investigate, and report on the experiments, also, Chief-Engineer Stimer, Col. H. R. Foote of Tennessee, the inventor, and his partners in the enterprise, Messrs. J. B. Winsor of Pennsylvania, and S. B. Allen of Boston. Several will known merchants, and scientific gentlemen were also on board. Steam was got up in 25 minutes, and the Palos proceeded down the harbor, around the Great Brewster and back to the Navy-Yard, a distance of 25 nautical miles, in one hour and 55 minutes. In making the trip she consumed but four barrels of oil. The Palos was built for the Government as an eight-knot boat, and with coal would never be made to exceed that speed. The fires are kindled, and extinguished with nearly the same ease as lighting and extinguishing gas burners. A pipe from petroleum tanks on deck supplied the furnace burners. The burners by their own heat turn the petroleum in the pipes into gas, there being an arrangement for infusing air and steam, and this gas supplies the burners. The flames produced in the furnaces are intensely hot. The Government engineers expressed themselves surprised at the results obtained, which can hardly fail, when the new apparatus is fully perfected, creating a great revolution in river and ocean steam navigation. Much greater speed, and economy of labor, fuel and space with equal safety, are among the benefits anticipated from Col. Foote's invention. The trial to-day was initiatory to be followed by seven other trial trips to be made under the sanction of the Government.

WASHINGTON, June 17, 1867.

Cabinet Meeting.

The Cabinet to-day was convened in extraordinary session at half past ten o'clock. The question under consideration was the revocation of General Sheridan's order displacing Governor Wells, and restoring Mayor Withers, of Mobile, but no conclusion was reached. It is believed that each case will be examined in detail before any action is taken.

EDITOR ARGUS: The Copperheads of this county, I believe, hold their Convention on the 1st of July. I herewith send you a platform for their inspection at that time, and respectfully urge them to adopt it for the coming campaign:

Resolved, That "Pollard's Lost Cause," is, in a general sense, our principles; and we earnestly recommend all of our young men to engage in its distribution.

Resolved, That whiskey and Democracy always have been, and should continue to be, "now and forever, one and inseparable."

Resolved, That slavery has been illegally abolished, and the institution should be re-established at as early a day as possible.

Resolved, That our normal condition is office-holding, and in view of this, it is essentially necessary to our well-being in the future, that we get offices again, and that too as quickly as possible.

Resolved, That the Beaver County *Local* is a good newspaper, and reflects our sentiments. Its moral character is just the thing.

Resolved, That its editor is good at calling people names, and in "making mouths" at his enemies.

Resolved, That if he can satisfy his party that he has been sharp enough within the past two years, to "euchre" his tailor out of a bill exceeding one hundred dollars, then, the party in return, will feel itself under obligations to raise a subscription for him.

Resolved, That the Grand Treasurer, be requested to call upon the aforesaid editor, and ascertain at once what his business relations with the aforesaid tailors have been and how they now stand.

If this platform is adopted, I have no doubt about the party being suited. They can rally almost to a man in its support.

A MECHANIC.

EDITOR ARGUS: The editor of the *Local* tries to say a great many hard things about me for having called Mr. Anderson's attention to his own responsibility in providing respectable employment for his children. I have performed my duty as "A FRIEND," and the editor of the *Local* will please excuse me from engaging in any controversy with him. I have learned long ago that "the handling of that which is foul defileth a man."

A FRIEND.

A Pardon.

When the rebellion was at its height, and when our cause looked about as gloomy as it ever did during our four years of war, a scoundrel named Gayle, of Dallas county, Alabama, offered a reward of $100,000 to any one that would assassinate President Lincoln. This offer was made through the public newspapers, and on the trail of the conspirators at Washington in 1865, it was proven that Gayle wrote and signed the advertisement proposing to pay this sum to the person who would slay the President of the United States.

Some of the soldiers in Alabama, not long since came across this Gayle, and arrested him for the purpose of bringing him to justice, when he produced the following pardon from the now President of the United States:

WHEREAS, One George W. Gayle, of Dallas county Alabama, is now under indictment in the United States Court for the Northern District of Alabama, for conspiracy in the overthrow of the Government of the United States, and particularly for advertising a large reward of 100,000 for the assassination of Messrs. Lincoln, Seward and Johnson; and

WHEREAS, I am assured that the said George W. Gayle was innocent of any guilty intent; and his irreproachable private character is totally at variance with the crime for which he is indicted, and many other mitigating circumstances render him a proper object of Executive clemency, and

WHEREAS, The pardon of the said Geo. W. Gayle has been recommended by the Governor and a number of the State Senate and the House of Representatives of Alabama, by United States military officers and other influential citizens.

"Now therefore, be it known that I Andrew Johnson, President of the United States of America, in consideration of the premises and divers other good and sufficient reasons all thereunto moving, have granted, and do hereby grant to said Geo. W. Gayle, a full and unconditional pardon."

A. JOHNSON.

Hon. Thos. Nicholson.

"Horace," the intelligent Harrisburg correspondent of the Chambersburg *Repository*, in speaking of the Republican nominations for the Legislature throughout the State, makes use of this language in referring to our own:

"In Beaver county, Thomas Nicholson has been nominated. Col. M. S. Quay, having served three years, the usual term for a member from that county, was not a candidate.—It is scarcely necessary for me to say a word in commendation of a man so generally and so favorably known throughout the State as Mr. Nicholson. He served as a member of the House of Representatives during the sessions of 1844-45 and 46, was appointed Cashier of the State Treasurer by Mr. Banks in 1847, by Mr. Ball in 1848 and occupied the same position for six years, during the terms of Hons. Eli Slifer and Henry D. Moore, State Treasurers. Beside being a man of large experience and matured views upon all questions of State policy, he is characterized by a frankness and fearlessness in the condemnation of all that is unjust or mean, be it in high or low places, and in the exposure of all grades of rascality, which, in this day, is positively refreshing. Having never been known to lie or steal himself, his attacks upon rogues and corruption are always effective, and gentlemen who purpose pursuing the traffic in votes and bills, in the next legislature, had better keep out of range of Nicholson's batteries. Had he been in the last Legislature, I think he would either have broken up the Senatorial *auction* or else made the market price very considerable higher, by increasing the risks of men selling. I congratulate the people of Pennsylvania upon the prospect of having so true a friend in the next General Assembly, and fervently hope his life may be spared until its meeting. I might glean other equally encouraging items, upon the subjects of nominations for Assembly in the West, but for the present these will suffice.

THE Democratic State Convention which met in Harrisburg on the 11th instant, adopted twelve resolutions relating to almost every conceivable question but the Free Railroad Law. *On that question not a word was uttered.* A measure so nearly related to the permanent welfare of the whole State, and in which the people are interested more than any other, is not even recognized by a party asking for popular support. The inevitable inference is that the Democratic party is opposed to a Free Railroad Law.—*Pitts. Com.*

MR. SWINTON, of the New York *Times*, had an interesting interview last week with General Lee, in Virginia. Though not permitted to retail what was said, the writer understands from those who are in intimate daily converse with him, that he is strongly in favor of the people of his State and of the South "coming right, frankly accepting the situation and earnestly pursuing the work of reconstruction." Personally, he is at present in the flush of health.

THE sculptor, Thompson, has modeled a statuette of Gen. Sedgwick, which, at the order of officers and men of the old sixth corps, is to be reproduced in colossal form, and erected in a place of honor at West Point. Mr. Thompson has discarded the traditional heroic style of costume, and gives us the soldier in his blouse and high-topped boots and slouched hat; in the uniform in which he moved amongst his men; in which he worked and fought and died; and thus the figure is human and life-like; while it does not lack dignity and commanding presence.

(From the Washington Reporter.)

FOGLER'S LAWYERS—THEIR CONDUCT TO BE INVESTIGATED.

On Thursday the 13th inst. the following statements, which explain themselves were presented to the Court by the gentleman who acted as counsel for Wm. Montgomery, jr., on the occasion of his trial at February term last, for the murder of Robert W. Dinsmore:

To the Honorable the Judges of the several Courts of Washington County.

The undersigned members of the bar respectfully submit the following statement:

Shortly after the arrest of Robert Fogler for the murder of Robert W. Dinsmore, they were applied to by Wm. Montgomery, Esq., to render their professional services in behalf of his son Wm. Montgomery, jr., who had then been implicated, by a confession of Fogler, in the commission of the offence. To this request they acceded, and accordingly appeared before the Coroner's jury in the interest of Wm. Montgomery, jr.

During the progress of the investigation, Robert Fogler was produced as a witness, and they then took occasion, with the permission of the Coroner, to inform him fully of his legal right to decline giving any testimony which would criminate himself, and that whatever he might say in regard to his own connection with the subject matter of inquiry before the Coroner, must be voluntary and unconstrained. He announced his willingness to testify, and was sworn and examined as a witness, and his deposition was returned by the Coroner with the other evidence taken before him.

At the February Court Fogler was tried and convicted. His defence was conducted by James R. Ruth, and L. R. W. Little, Esqrs., members of the bar, who had been retained as the counsel some time before the Court, and had visited him frequently in the prison.

The trial of Wm. Montgomery, jr., followed immediately, and during its progress Fogler was produced as a witness for the Commonwealth, when, after a most feeling and impressive address to him by the Court, he refused to be sworn or to testify.

Sometime before the February Court, Sheriff Smith called upon his counsel, D. S. Wilson for advice, stating that his deputy informed him L. R. W. Little, Esq., accompanied by John Grayson jr., and J. L. Judson, Esqrs., Justices of the Peace, was at his office and had asked to be allowed an interview with Fogler. What the interview could be for he did not know, but thought it strange that the presence of two magistrates should be required for any proper purpose, and desired to be instructed as to his duty in the premises. He was advised that Fogler's counsel should have free access to him at all reasonable times, but if the Sheriff had sufficient reasons, in his judgment, to doubt their fidelity, or to suspect that anything was about to be done to the prejudice of the prisoner, it was his duty to be present at the interview sought, and to interpose, if necessary, for the prisoners protection.

The Sheriff then visited his office, and found the message delivered by his deputy was correct, and not being satisfied that the interview was sought for a proper purpose, he hesitated to allow their visit at all, and returned to D. S. Wilson's office where he found Mr. Wilson, and W. M'Kennan being then present fully concurred in the orders given as above stated, and they joined in urging him to allow the visit as he might be mistaken in his impression as to its character.

The Sheriff then went back and accompanied Messrs. Little, Judson and Grayson to the cell of Fogler. Some conversation of no importance was had, and then Mr. Little asked the sheriff to withdraw. The Sheriff said he desired to know the object of the interview with Fogler. He was, answered by Mr. Little that it was to take the affidavit of Fogler to his confession to the killing of [illegible] as the prisoner was in his custody, and under his protection, it was his duty to guard him against any prejudice or wrong; and insisted that he be informed of the nature of the affidavit. He was then answered by Mr. Little that it was necessary for the defence of Fogler, and neither he nor the magistrates should be informed of any thing that was in it. The Sheriff refusing to withdraw from the cell, Mr. Little announced that the affidavit would not be taken; and said to Fogler, that he would advise him to say nothing in the presence of the Sheriff. The magistrates and Sheriff then left prison, and on the way out the Sheriff learned from the magistrates that they did not know for what purpose they had been brought there, and that they approved of his course.

The undersigned further state that they had no communication with Fogler, direct or indirect, of any kind whatever, at any time; that they had no knowledge of any representations or means used with him to induce him not to testify; and that they had no intention of his purpose in this regard until he made it known in Court.

In view of the facts stated, and of a wide spread and profound public opinion in regard them, which ought not to, be ignored, and which the undersigned will not conceal has been to some extent prejudicial to themselves, they deem it their special duty to bring the subjects to the attention of the Court, to the end that your Honors may institute such inquiry and adopt such course in the premises as the integrity of the Bar, and the interest of the public may require.

WM. M'KENNAN,
D. S. WILSON,
ALEX. WILSON.

To the Honorable, the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Washington County.

A paper having been presented to your Honors, signed by William M'Kennan, D. S. Wilson and Alexander Wilson, Esqrs., and containing a suggestion that certain false and injurious reports have been circulated touching their connection with the late trial of Wm. Montgomery, jr., for the murder of Robert W. Dinsmore—reports tending to scandalize the administration of justice, as well as to cast odium upon all who stood in the relation of counsel to the said William Montgomery, the undersigned would beg leave to state that we were also engaged as counsel for the said Montgomery, both at the Coroner's inquest, and on the trial in the Oyer and Terminer of this county—that we had no knowledge of any attempt, by any person or persons, to induce Robert Fogler to refuse to testify, or to testify falsely—or of any other corrupt practice to prevent the due course of law and justice. As to the facts suggested in said paper concerning the interview had with said Fogler by his counsel, Mr. Little, in presence of the Sheriff and magistrates, we have no knowledge, but we respectfully join in the prayer that the Court will consider all matters suggested in said paper, and take such action thereon as may be deemed most effectual to elicit the truth and vindicate the right.

G. S. HART,
FREEMAN BRADY, jr.

These papers having been presented and read in open Court, his Honor, Judge Acheson, remarked that he would take charge of them and hold the matter under advisement until the meeting of the Court at 2 o'clock P. M. on Friday when they would be prepared to announce such action as they deemed it advisable to take in the premises.—When the Court met on Friday afternoon, Messrs. M'Kennan D. S. Wilson and Alexander Wilson asked and obtained leave to present the following additional statement embodying facts which they stated had come to their knowledge since the adjournment of Court on the preceding day.

To the Hon the Judges of the several Courts of Washington County:

The undersigned members of the bar submit the folowing additional statement to the Court.

In the *Review & Examiner* of May 29, 1867, is published what purports to be an affidavit made by Robert Fogler, with a view to an application in his behalf for a writ of error, as follows:

State of Pennsylvania, } ss.
Washington County. }

Commonwealth } In the Court of Oyer and
vs. } Terminer of Washington
Robert Fogler. } Co. Charge, murder.

Robert Fogler, on his solemn oath, doth depose and say, that his application for a writ of error in this case is not intended for delay, but he cause injustice has been done, and he declares he is wholly innocent of the murder of Robert Dinsmore.

ROBERT FOGLER.

Sworn and subscribed before
WM. KIDD, Clerk.

Since our former statement was presented to the Court, we learn from Wm. Kidd, Esq., Clerk of the Court, that he was called upon to go into the prison to take the affidavit of Fogler for a writ of error, which was written out and in the possession of his counsel; that he accompanied Messrs. Ruth and Little, and the Deputy sheriff, John Kennedy, to Fogler's cell; that the affidavit was then read to Fogler by one of his counsel, in the presence of the persons named, and he was sworn to and subscribed it; that he did not read or examine the affidavit himself, but that part of the foregoing publication declaring the innocence of the affiant of the murder of Robert Dinsmore, was not read to him in the hearing or presence of Mr. Kidd.

We learn the same facts as to the contents of the affidavit from the Deputy Sheriff.

Your Honors will know that the form of an affidavit for a writ of error is prescribed by statute, with which all members of the bar are justly presumed to be familiar. The undersigned therefore submit that the unusual and superfluous addition thereto of a declaration of innocence by the affiant must have had some object aside from the necessary, legal or proper use of the affidavit, and demands inquiry and explanation; and that if so significant a part of it was not read to the affiant, the object and conduct of those concerned in such a delinquency cannot be otherwise than reprehensible.

WM. M'KENNAN,
D. S. WILSON,
ALEX. WILSON.

After hearing this third statement read, his Honor, Judge Acheson, remarked that the Court had duly considered the papers submitted to them on Thursday, and now looking at them in connection with the one which had just been presented, he was satisfied that they contained matters seriously affecting the integrity of the bar, and which at least demanded explanation. The time was when the bar of Washington county enjoyed a reputation for integrity second to no other in the State, and if from neglect of its duty the Court should permit this good name to be lost, the Judges would be unworthy of the seats they occupied.

Now that the conduct of Fogler's counsel was about to be inquired into, he deemed it not out of place to vindicate his Honor, Judge Agnew, of the Supreme Court, from a most unjust reflection cast upon him in the *Review & Examiner*, which announced the refusal of that tribunal to allow a writ of error in Fogler's case. That paper in stating the result of the application for the writ, placed the whole blame of the refusal upon Judge Agnew, to whom it stated the application had been referred, and who was represented as having not only refused to give it due consideration, but as having treated Mr. Little, the counsel who presented it, with rudeness. This was wholly at variance with the facts. Judge Agnew had informed his Honor in person, that the record was first handed to him by Chief Justice Woodward, who requested him to examine it and give him his opinion as to whether a writ of error should be granted—that after making a careful examination he came to the conclusion that there was nothing in the record that required revision, and so informed the Chief Justice when he returned it to him—that Judge [illegible] by the whole court concurred with him in it the course of which the written argument submitted by Mr. Little was carefully read and considered, and the result was a unanimous concurrence in the opinion that the writ should not be allowed.

His Honor, Judge Acheson stated that the editors were not to blame for the reflection that had been cast upon Judge Agnew, as they had no doubt made the statement upon the strength of information derived from some one else.

Recurring to the subject matter of the papers that had been laid before them, his Honor said the Court would not act hastily in the premises; but would proceed with deliberation. He thereupon directed that a rule be entered requiring Messrs. Ruth and Little (both of whom were absent) to make answer to the petition at the adjourned court to be held on the 25th of June.

The Democratic Platform.

At the Democratic State Convention held at Harrisburg on the 11th inst., the committee appointed for that purpose reported the following resolutions which were unanimously adopted:

THE RESOLUTIONS.

B. M. Boyer, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, reported the following

Preamble, We the delegates of the Democratic party, of Pennsylvania, in General State Convention assembled, for the nomination of a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, profoundly grateful to the Supreme Ruler of the universe for the return of peace to our distracted country, but deeply anxious on account of the trials and delays which impede the complete restoration and re-union of all the States, and appreciating the dangers which still threaten the safety of our political institutions, and the future peace, liberty and prosperity of the people.

Resolved, First—That we steadfastly adhere to the principles of civil government established by the founders of the Union, and in the present conflict of legislative usurpation with constitutional law, we esteem a wise upright and fearless judiciary the great bulwark of public liberty and individual right.

Resolved, Second—The union of the State perpetual, and the Federal Government supreme within its constitutional limits.

Third—That representation in the Congress of the United States and in the Electoral College, is a right fundamental and indestructible in its nature, and abiding in every State, being a duty as well as a right pertaining to the people of every State, and essential to our Republican system of government. Its denial is the destruction of the Government itself.

Fourth—Each State having under the Constitution the exclusive right to prescribe the qualifications of its own electors, we proclaim as usurpation and outrage the establishment of negro suffrage in any of the States by the coercive exercise of Federal power, and we shall resist to the last resort the threatened measures of the leaders of the Republican party to interfere by acts of Congress with the regulation of the elective franchise of the State of Pennsylvania.

Fifth—That we are opposed to any amendment of the Constitution of this State giving to negroes the right of suffrage.

Sixth—That the failure of the Tariff bill in the last session of the late Congress, more than three-fourths of whose members belonged to the Republican party, is an illustration of their infidelity to their pledges and neglect of their professions in relation to the great industrial and financial interests of the country.

Seventh—That the Radical majority in Congress, and those who sustain them, have overthrown the Constitution, dismembered the Federal Union, and subverted republican government by a long series of usurpation, among which are the following:—The denial of the right of the States of the Union to representation in Congress; the treatment of ten States as subjugated provinces, and governing them by military force in time of peace; the enactment of laws denying impeace; the enactment of laws denying impeace and false imprisonment, demnity for arrests made without authority of law; the resistance of authority of civil tribunals, and their overthrow by substitution of military commission for the trial of undefined offenses; force obedience to Congressional mandates; the ejection from their seats in the Federal Senate and House of members duly and legally chosen; the purpose of confiscation, in violation of the declaration of the rights avowed by the Republican leaders, and other guaranties of Federal and State constitutions, tending, as it does, to destroy all protection to private property, advances them far on the high road to repudiation.

Eighth—That a strict conformity, both by Federal and State governments, to all powers, restrictions and guaranties, as contained in the Constitution of the United States; a rigid and wise economy in the administration of public affairs, and the election of capable, honest and patriotic men to office, are measures absolutely necessary to restore public confidence, avert national bankruptcy and to insure the perpetuity of our free institutions.

Ninth—That the late Republican Legislature of this State has distinguished itself for the number of its unwise and unconstitutional enactments. Some of these laws have already been judicially determined to be unconstitutional; others are unwise, inexpedient, oppressive and fanatical, and the members who sanctioned them should be condemned by the people at the polls.

Tenth—That the power and success of the Democratic party greatly depends on the character and efficiency of its newspaper press, and that, to give due force to its usefulness, this Convention earnestly request that, in every county, all the members of the Democratic party should make vigorous efforts to increase its circulation by giving it their individual patronage and support.

Eleventh—That the Democracy of Pennsylvania, by their representatives now assembled, hereby tender its acknowledgments, and thanks to the Hon. George W. Woodward, in his retirement from the position of Chief Justice of this Commonwealth, for the pure, faithful and able manner in which he discharged the duties of that exalted position.

Twelfth—The candidate we this day present to the people of Pennsylvania for a place on the Supreme Bench of the State, is in all respects worthy of the confidence and support of all who are in favor of an enlightened and impartial administration of the laws.

THE Republicans of Beaver county have nominated one of the best men in the State—THOMAS NICHOLSON, Esq., for Assembly. It is gratifying to see a disposition manifested by the people to improve the character of our State Legislature by the nomination of upright and able men, who have been tested and proved to be beyond the corrupting influences which have sadly demoralized legislation.

Purity in the legislator is as indispensable as intelligence in the elector; and no government can be considered staple in which unprincipled men are permitted to wield the vast powers which are lodged in the hands of law-makers.

The same Convention passed resolutions in favor of the enactment of a Free Railroad Law; and in favor of Gen. W. W. IRWIN as the next State Treasurer. Gen. Irwin will be long remembered as the efficient Commissary-General of the State, during the war. He is likely to prove a formidable candidate. —*Gettysburg Star and Sentinel.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEA ISLAND SHELLS.

PERSONS WISHING TO ADORN GARDEN walks and mounds, or ornament Cemetery lots, would do well to apply at Lukens' Wharf Boat, Rochester, where a splendid lot of Washed SEA ISLAND [illegible] been unsolicited, and are for sale.

Proposals for Building a House.

THE UNDERSIGNED COMMITTEE, APPOINTed by the Agricultural Society of Beaver county, will receive sealed proposals until SATURDAY, JUNE 29TH, for the building of a Dwelling House on the Fair Grounds of said Society, the foundation of which is already constructed. For further particulars inquire of either of the undersigned, or Hugh Anderson, Esq., President of the Agricultural Society.

J. R. M'DONALD, }
WM. A. LAIRD, } Com.
SAMUEL GIBSON. }
(*Local* copy.)

je29'67:2t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentamentary on the estate of JOSEPH SMITH, late of Big Beaver tp., Beaver county Pa., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES DILLON, }
JOHN W. SMITH. } Adm'rs.

je19'67:6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Hon. BENJ. ADAMS, dec'd. late of Beaver boro., Beaver county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MICHAEL WEYAND, Executor.
je19'67:6t. Beaver boro.

The Greatest

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

—AT—

Nelson & Roessler's

Next door to WILSON & STEWART'S

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

IN THE DIAMOND,

ROCHESTER, PA.

A complete line of

Dry Goods, Trimmings, Notions,

And a large variety of HATS, all of which will be offered at Prices

Without Regard to Cost.

Give us a call to examine our Goods and judge for yourself.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Public Educational Meeting.

A PUBLIC MEETING IN RELATION TO THE Educational interests of this community, will be held in the Court House, this Wednesday Evening, June 19th, at a quarter before 8 o'clock.

The meeting will be addressed by Judge Agnew and other residents of Beaver. It is highly important that there be a general attendance of the citizens of the town and vicinity.

J. P. BRAVO, }
H. RICE, } Com.
D. L. IMBRIE, }

je19'67:1t.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned, under the firm name of Alexander & Devenny, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The interest of E. H. Alexander having been purchased by J. M. Devenny, will continue the Drug business at the old stand. All demands against said firm are to be paid by J. M. Devenny, and all debts debts due the firm may be paid to either partner of the old firm.

E. H. ALEXANDER.
JOSEPH M. DEVENNY.

New Brighton, June 6th, 1867.

Having sold out my interest in the Drug business heretofore carried on under the firm name of Alexander & Devenny, to Joseph M. Devenny, my former partner, I would bespeak for him a continuation of the patronage of my personal as well as the friends of the old firm.

E. H. ALEXANDER.

June 6th, 1867.—je19'67:1m.

NEW GROCERIES.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL TO HIS friends and customers for the generous patronage heretofore extended to him, takes pleasure in informing them that he has recently made large additions to his stock, and that he can now sell

Groceries

Of the very best quality, as low as they can be purchased west of Pittsburg. His stock embraces the best of

COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SORGHUM, RICE, PEPPERS, SPICES, SOAPS, CANDIES, RAISINS, ENGLISH CURRANTS, FIGS, &c.

And in fact everything in my line that is usually kept in a well regulated Grocery Store.

FEED of all kinds kept on hand; and the best brands of FAMILY FLOUR can always be obtained at my store.

All goods delivered if required.

je19'67:1y. SIMON SNYDER

DRUGS! DRUGS!!

THE PLACE TO GET ALL THE POPULAR

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c.,

IS AT

JOSEPH M. DEVENNY'S

DRUG STORE,

Broadway, New Brighton.

MIXED PAINTS and PUTTY always on hand.

Physicians Prescriptions

Carefully compounded at all hours of the day and night. je19'67:6m.

Fourth Arrival of

NEW GOODS

THIS SEASON.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND DRESS GOODS.

Purchased Since the Late Great Decline in prices.

A splendid stock of made up Clothing, of the best material, best workmanship, and of the latest style, just opened.

A full assortment of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters as usual, always kept on hand, and sold at the lowest possible rates.

The best sugar-cured Hams, Side-meat and Beef, together with an extensive stock of Hoes, Shovels, Plows, Plow-shares, &c., &c., kept, and offered cheap.

Our stock of Groceries, Teas, and Syrups, are the best that can be purchased, and our assortment is regularly kept up.

Country Produce, as heretofore, taken in exchange for Goods, on the most favorable terms, at the old stand, opposite National Hotel, Beaver, Pa.

je19'67:3mo. THOMAS M'CREERY & CO.

WEDDING CAKES,

Fancy Pastry, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING OPENED A FIRST CLASS CONFECTIONARY, on

Railroad Street, New Brighton,

Would inform the public that they are prepared to fill all orders for Cakes, Ice Cream, &c., for WEDDING PARTIES, or FAMILY USE, upon short notice, at satisfactory prices, and in a style unsurpassed by any of the city establishments. Prompt attention given to all orders from a distance. Their

ICE-CREAM SALOON

being expensively fitted up, is open for the accommodation of customers during the coming season.

my29'67 GEO. SIEMEN & CO.

Hubbard Mowers and Reapers!

The Best Machine in the U. S.!

AT THE GREAT NATIONAL FIELD TRIAL OF Mowers and Reapers, held at Syracuse, N. Y., in 1866, and lasting three weeks, Grand Gold Medal and highest premium was awarded to the Hubbard Combined Mower & Reaper with self-rake attached as the best Combined Machine. At the Grand Mower trial of the Franklin Institute, held at Syracuse, N. Y., in August, 1865, the first premium Grand Gold Medal was awarded to the Hubbard. The Hubbard also took for six successive years the first premium at the Ohio Fairs.

For Sale by
HARVEY M'COWN,
Enon Valley, Pa.

may29'67:2m

C. F. WINTER ..... W. L. BEDISON.

WINTER AND BEDISON,

(SUCCESSORS TO C. F. WINTER)

DEALERS IN WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, Silver and Plated Ware, Musical Instruments, Notions, &c., &c.

☞ Special attention given to the repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

Store: Cor. BROADWAY & APPLE STREETS,
NEW BRIGHTON, PA. jan5'67

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas letters testamentary on the estate of WILLIAM M'CLELLAN, late of Pulaski twp., Beaver county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent will please present them properly authenticated for settlement.

FRANK M'CLELLAND, New Brighton, }
WM. M'CLELLAND, Pulaski township, } Executors.

my15'67:6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of JAMES PEARCE, late of South Beaver township, Beaver county dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL TENNIS, Adm'r.

my1'67:6t

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of SYLVESTER DUSHAM, late of Rochester Borough, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indeb

The Beaver Argus.

BEAVER, JUNE 19TH, 1867.

Local and Miscellaneous.

WM. BINGHAM, JR., 54 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for THE ARGUS in that city.

New Advertisements.

The attention of the public is directed to the following new advertisements, which appear for the first time in THE ARGUS to-day.

☞ New Groceries—Simon Snitger.
☞ Adm'r Notice—Jas. Dillon & Jno. W. Smith.
☞ Proposals—Agricultural Society.
☞ Drugs, Drugs—J. M. Devenny.
☞ Dissolution—E. H. Alexander & J. M. Devenny.
☞ Latest Arrival—Nelson & Roessler.
☞ Sea Island Shells—W. H. Lukens.
☞ Fourth Arrival—T. McCreery & Co.
☞ Educational Meeting—J. F. Dravo and others.
☞ Special Notice—Shallenberger Bros.
☞ Special Notices—J. B. Rhodes.

COUNTY COMMITTEE.

THE President of the Union County Convention, held in Beaver, on June 3d, has appointed the following named gentlemen as the Committee, to serve the ensuing year:

BEAVER BORO—D. L. Imbrie, Chairman, J. S. Rutan, J. Wetzand, Jos. Ledlie, M. R. Adams.
BOROUGH TP—James Darragh, J. R. Harrah.
BRIGHTON TP—D. Scott.
FALLSTON BORO—G. M. M. Fields.
CHIPPEWA TP—Robert Bradshaw.
SOUTH BEAVER TP—A. J. Lawrence, John C. Duff.
DARLINGTON TP—J. P. Martin, J. H. Veon.
BIG BEAVER TP—G. W. Brown,
OHIO TP—Daniel Dawson.
INDUSTRY TP—Benjamin Todd.
PATTERSON TP—H. C. Patterson.
BRIDGEWATER BORO—Chas. Stone, Johnston Small.
FRANKLIN TP—Henry J. Metz.
MARION TP—Thomas Phillis.
NORTH SEWICKLEY TP—Milton Clow.
NEW SEWICKLEY TP—Henry Goehring.
ECONOMY TP—George Neely.
PULASKI TP—Thomas Ferguson.
NEW BRIGHTON—M. T. Kennedy, Benj. Wilde, Chas. M. Merrick, Milton Townsend, John C. Boyle, George Barker, Samuel Magaw.
ROCHESTER BORO—T. J. Power, A. T. Shallenberger, F. M. Anderson.
ROCHESTER TP—A. P. Lacock.
FREEDOM BORO—Thos. G. Kerr.
FREEDOM DIST—James Park.
ST. CLAIR BORO—Jonathan Paul.
PHILLIPSBURG—John M. Shroades.
MOON TP—Daniel B. Short.
HOPEWELL TP—Wm. M. Reed.
INDEPENDENCE TP—Robert Sterling.
RACCOON TP—John C. Christy.
FRANKFORT—W. H. Frazer.
M'GUIRE—Thomas Bigger.
GREENE TP—Samuel Nelson, A. A. M'Coy, J. H. Trimble.

THANKS.—Mr. T. J. McCreery, of Kansas City, Mo., accept thanks for late St. Louis papers.

EXAMINATION.—The examination of classes at the Academy will take place on Tuesday of next week. The trustees, patrons and public are invited to be present.

COMING TO OUR COUNTY.—We have incidentally learned that it is the intention of J. B. Donley, Esq., who was recently appointed Register in Bankruptcy for this Congressional district, to locate his office, in New Brighton, this county.

JUMPING MATCH.—On Tuesday of last week a jumping match, for the championship of America, and a purse of two thousand dollars, took place in Pittsburgh, between "Bob" Way, of that city, and Norman P. Bortle, of New York. Way came off an easy victor, and now wears the "belt" in the jumping line.

NEWSPAPER IMPROVEMENT.—We neglected to mention last week that that sterling Republican paper, the Kittanning *Free Press*, had been much enlarged, and otherwise greatly improved. It now presents a very neat appearance, and contains a vast amount of both local and general reading matter.

GONE TO MISSOURI.—Andrew Wray, Esq., well and favorably known in this county, as an attorney, has left here with a view of locating in Ironton, Iron county, Missouri. Mr. W. is a young gentleman of good character, has had considerable experience as a lawyer, and will no doubt soon build up for himself a lucrative practice. Success attend him.

GEN. GRANT.—Our neighbors over in Washington county were honored last week with a visit by Gen. Grant and family, who came to that place to attend the marriage of Wm. Smith, jr., a cousin. They were accompanied by Gen. Dent, and tarried but a short time in Washington.

LEGISLATIVE CONFEREES.—Gen. W. W. Irwin, the Chairman of the recent county Convention of the Republican party, has announced the following named gentlemen as Legislative conferees, to meet the conferees from Washington county and to put in nomination a district ticket for the State Legislature, viz.: Col. M. S. Quay, B. R. Bradford, Esq., and H. Hice, Esq.

BASE BALL.—On Saturday last a match game of base ball came off in this place between a New Brighton club and one organized in Beaver. The latter, we believe, came off first best. Good feeling between the two clubs existed thoroughout.

RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT.—Dr. Garrard, of Fallston this county, has our thanks for some Rhubarb or Pie Plant, raised by himself. The stalks sent us are the largest we ever saw, one of them measuring, including the leaf, 4 feet in length, and 3 feet in width.

SOME STRAWBERRY.—John A. Frazier, Esq., of this place, brought to our office on Monday last a fine, ripe strawberry, which measured 4½ inches in circumference. If any of our strawberry-raising friends can equal or beat this, we would be pleased to have them bring their fruit along.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—On Thursday of last week a little son of Mr. Enoch Swager, of Bridgewater, while sailing in a skiff in company with a playmate, in the Beaver creek, just above the bridge, fell backward into the stream and was drowned. His comrade swam to the shore. The little fellow, who came so suddenly to its end, was quite a bright boy. His age was 10 years.

We are glad to see that the Republicans of Beaver county, on Monday, nominated that sound, lifelong opponent of modern Democracy, able and universally esteemed, a truly *honest man*, THOMAS NICHOLSON, Esq., as their candidate for Assembly. He will be elected, of course, and will add worth and dignity to the House.—*Greensburg Herald.*

FATAL ACCIDENT.—James Bryan, a colored boy belonging to this place, while out hunting, on Thursday of last week, accompanied by a number of other young men of color, was shot through the right breast by the accidental discharge of a gun in the hands of Samuel Adams, and almost instantly killed. The coroner having been summoned to the scene of the accident after commencing a jury, rendered a verdict in accordance with the above facts.—*Wash. Reporter.*

TEMPERANCE LECTURE.—A temperance lecture will be delivered at the Court House on Thursday evening, the 20th inst. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

EDUCATIONAL MEETING.—On Wednesday evening, the 26th inst., an educational meeting will be held at the Court House in this place for the purpose of considering the educational interests of this community. Addresses will be delivered by Judge Agnew and other citizens of this vicinity. Let all who can attend.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVALS.—On Friday evening of this week a strawberry festival will be held in the Presbyterian Church of this place. Admission ten cents.—Proceeds to go to Sabbath Schools.

On the same evening there will also be one in Madison Hall, Rochester, for the benefit of the M. E. congregation of that place.

PRIMARY MEETINGS IN WASHINGTON COUNTY.—Our Republican friends in Washington county held their primary meetings on Saturday last. The county convention was held on Monday. We have not heard the result, at present writing, but presume that Messrs. Ewing and Day were both renominated for the Legislature, as no opposition to them developed itself through the papers of that county.

UNKNOWN MAN FOUND.—On the 5th of this month, Coroner M'Coy of this county held an inquest on the body of an unknown man found in the Ohio river near Beden, in this county. The deceased was about five feet eight inches in height, light complexion, sandy hair had a scar on right side of forehead, about one inch below the hair; had on a barred shirt and flannel undershirt, barred vest, and in one of his pockets a pen knife with small blade.

A GOOD NOMINATION.—We are pleased to see that our Republican friends of Beaver county, at their convention, held on Monday of last week, placed the Hon. Thomas Nicholson in nomination for Assembly. Mr. Nicholson is a man of ripe experience, tried integrity and rare fitness in every respect for the position. His long and intimate acquaintance with the affairs of our State, added to many other admirable qualifications as public officer, will serve to render him one of the most valuable representatives our section of the State has had the honor of sending to the Legislature for many years. His nomination will be heartily concurred in by our convention on Monday next, and he will receive the cordial and enthusiastic support of our friends throughout the county.—*Wash. Reporter.*

MR. EDITOR:—When a person goes to the House of God to hear sermons preached, and be instructed and improved thereby, and join in devotional exercises, he naturally expects to feel a sense of comfort and delight while thus engaged. We speak of this for the purpose of correcting a pernicious and baneful habit indulged in by some of the sextons of our Churches in this place, of willfully neglecting to at all ventilate the same, by opening their doors and windows, either before or during the occupying of them by the congregations. The result of this gross neglect on the part of our sextons, is, of course, deprivation of the congregations of fresh air, and sometimes, indeed, of most all air. Persons enter the Church, it is crowded to overflowing—'tis a hot spring evening—almost scorching out of doors—ladies are using their fans, and the gentlemen are using their hats, and both are sweating profusely—the atmosphere is stifling—and the windows and doors are closed as if it were the middle of winter! We protest against this neglect as both unnecessary and inhuman. It not only renders persons attending Church exceedingly uncomfortable and uneasy at the time, but it is ruinous to the health. Let the sextons do their duty, and keep the Churches of which they have charge regularly freshly aired and cleansed. They are paid for doing so, and let them do it. L. M.

EXAMINATION EXERCISES.—The examination of the classes at the Beaver Female Seminary, together with other exercises, commences on Sabbath evening, June 23d, at which time REV. J. S. BRACKEN will preach the annual sermon in the Presbyterian Church, at 7 P. M. The other exercises will be in the following order:

Exercises of the Kalamathean Society—Tuesday Evening.
Examination of Classes—Wednesday Morning and Afternoon.
Annual Address—Wednesday Evening by REV. B. W. GORRIN, Philadelphia.
Examination of Classes—Thursday Morning.
Match Game of Croquet—Thursday Afternoon.
Commencement Exercises—Thursday Evening.
Address to the Graduates—by REV. D. P. Lowary.

The following named young ladies are the Graduates:

Jennie Mitchell, Lizzie Moorhead, Annie O. Reno, Sadie X. Russell, Josephine Shilling, Sallie M. Todd, Mattie Weyand, Mary A. Woodruff.

FESTIVALS.—The festival held in the Episcopal Church in Rochester, on Tuesday evening of last week, was a very pleasant affair, well attended, and the proceeds amounted to the snug sum of $150.

A festival was held in the Bridgewater Presbyterian Church, on last Thursday evening. Quite a crowd were in attendance. Everything passed off pleasantly.—About $180 were realized. Some graceless "scalliwag" is said to have passed a counterfeit five dollar bill upon some of the ladies who were attending one of the tables.

FESTIVAL.—There will be a strawberry festival held in the Presbyterian Church of Beaver, on Friday evening, the 21st of June.

Admission ten cents.

Proceeds to be applied for the benefit of the Sabbath School.

All are invited to attend. COMMITTEE.

SOMEWHAT "TRICKET."—The war, we fear, taught others besides our military men, the practice of tricking their enemies. An operation of this kind is said to be going on now in Beaver. An ordinance prohibiting the roaming at large of swine within the borough was passed some time ago, and it was made the Constable's duty to seize all the "grunters" he could find outside of their owner's enclosure, impound them, fine the owner, or if he could not be found, sell the "rooters," deduct expenses, and then pass the proceeds over to the school fund. A few persons who owned hogs clamored against this ordinance, and insisted upon its being an abridgement of their "rights," inasmuch as they desired to *pasture* their hogs on the public grounds whether doing so would be agreeable or otherwise to their neighbors. What cared they about the number of gates their hogs opened, the yards they rooted up, or the gardens that suffered in consequence of their depredations!—The ordinance, however, was enforced, and it is now said that its opponents are partially evading it by turning their swine out to pasture *after* bedtime, and gathering them in *before* sun-up. Keen as this trick is, we have no idea that our constable will suffer himself to be "flanked" in this way, but on the contrary will make arrangements to have a little night patroling done in the disaffected districts. One of these is said to be at the upper end of town, the other on Fourth street.

Court Proceedings.

The following cases were disposed of last week at the Court held in this place:

Com. vs. David M. Morrison, indicted for fornication and bastardy. By agreement of the parties to the suit, and under an arrangement satisfactory to the prosecutrix, the jury rendered a verdict of "not guilty."

Com. vs. Joseph Johnston, indicted for adultery, fornication and bastardy. Case settled by the parties to the suit.

Com. vs. William Garsides, indicted for assault and battery. *Nol. Pros*, entered on payment of costs by the defendant.

Com. vs. Ann Lutz, indicted for murder and concealing death of bastard child. On motion of District Attorney a *Nol. Pros.* was entered and the defendant discharged.

Com. vs. Frederick Gaggres, indicted for assault and battery. Found guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of ten dollars, and committed to custody of the Sheriff until sentence was complied with.

Com. vs. James J. Reynolds, indicted for assault and battery. Plead guilty, and was sentenced to pay a fine of five dollars, costs of prosecution, and committed to the custody of the Sheriff until sentence was complied with.

Com. vs. Wm. Johnston, indicted for a nuisance.—Found guilty, and the court gave judgment that the defendant abate the nuisance.

Com. vs. Wooster Fickes, indicted with intent to commit a rape. Found guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of one dollar and undergo imprisonment in the jail of the county for six calendar months.

Com. vs. John J. Swain, indicted for assault. *Nol. Pros*, entered on payment of costs by defendant.

Com. vs. Thomas J. Robinson, indicted for false pretenses. Continued and defendant to enter into recognizance in the sum of $300.

Com. vs. David Johnston, indicted for furnishing liquor to men of known intemperate habits. Verdict of the jury, "not guilty," but the defendant to pay two-thirds and the prosecutor one third of the cost.

Com. vs. David Johnston, indicted for furnishing liquors to minors. Continued to next term.

Com. vs. John Johnston, indicted for selling liquor to minors. Verdict "not guilty," but defendant to pay the costs.

Com. vs. John Johnston, indicted for furnishing liquor to men of known intemperate habits. Continued to next term.

Com. vs. J. H. Witherspoon, indicted for selling liquors to minors. Indictment quashed and defendant ordered to renew his recognizance.

Com. vs. J. H. Witherspoon, indicted for furnishing liquor to minors. Continued to next term.

Com. vs. Henry Whitlock, indicted for false pretenses. Continued.

Com. vs. Zach Ringl ron, John Stinefield, Charles Leslie and Jack Brown, indicted for breaking into a dwelling house and larceny. *Nol Pros*, entered on payment of costs by defendants.

Com. vs. David Gilliland, Jos. Gilliland, Robt. M'George, James Roger and James Patterson, indicted for disturbing a public meeting. Continued to next term.

Com. vs. David L. Anderson and Wm. Means indicted for assault and battery. Prosecutor Frederick Geggres to pay the costs.

Com. vs. David L. Anderson, Henry Meyers and Wm. Means, indicted for riot, assault and battery. Prosecutor, F. Geggres, to pay the cost.

Com. vs. Henry Meyers, indicted for assault and battery. Prosecutor, F. Geggres, to pay the cost.

SORGHUM MILL AND EVAPORATOR FOR SALE.—Any person desiring to purchase a Sorghum Mill and Evaporator, can learn where they may be had by calling at this office.

A HARD TIME ON LITTLE ROGUES.—Sheriffs appear to meet the finger of scorn wherever they go. A few days ago one of them, (Little), went to Steubenville, Ohio, to transact some business, and could not keep them in session there. The bar at that place must have treated him with pound contempt or else he would not have been under the necessity of arising to make this statement:

"May it please your Honor, desiring to be permitted to practice in this court during the term, and being unfortunate in not having any member of the bar to propose my admission, I rise to ask for myself to be admitted as an attorney of this bar. There may be some objection on the bar here about the propriety of this, growing out of my rumored connection with the Fogler case; there have been newspaper statements derogatory to my character, but whatever they are I am prepared to meet them." Judge McIlvaine said—"I, suppose you refer to the confession of Fogler. I understand that the Court of Washington county has ordered an inquiry in the matter. We cannot go into trial of it here until it is settled. We recognise the courtesies due to members of the bar of States which recognize our attorneys and admit them to the rights of their bars; in carrying out this reciprocity, which we recognize, we will admit you for the present." by placing on file in this court a written denial to be made under oath of the statements of Fogler." Little—"You mean the statements published in our county." Judge—"I mean particularly the statement that you influenced Fogler to refuse to testify against Montgomery under promise of favor. You can make your affidavit, and we shall then see how far it covers the statements of Fogler."

(The report here breaks off very suddenly, and we are unadvised as to whether Little filed the affidavit as requested or not. We suspect he did not do so.)

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.—The teachers of the public schools in the borough of Beaver, and of Borough township, met in the Public School House in Beaver, on Friday evening the 14th, for the purpose of organizing a teachers' institute. The meeting was temporarily organized by calling J. R. Harrah, Esq., to the chair. A permanent organization was then effected by the adoption of a constitution and by-laws. After which the order of arrangements, as announced in the *Argus* of last week, was executed. After arranging some other preliminaries, the Institute adjourned to meet on Monday evening, July 1st., at which time the permanent officers of the institute for the present term will be announced. We are requested to state that the attendance of the public at these meetings is respectfully solicited.

ADJOURNED.—The June term of Court which began its session in this place on the 10th, adjourned on Monday last at 11 A. M. All the business ready for trial having been disposed of at that hour.

THE NATIONAL ASYLUM FOR Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.

The Board of Managers of the National Asylum for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers give notice that they are now prepared to receive beneficiaries into either branches near Augusta, Me.; Milwaukee, Wis.; or at the Central Asylum, near Columbus Ohio.

Volunteer Soldiers are admitted upon application by letter to either of the Managers, or at the Branch Asylum nearest to their place of residence; whereupon blank applications will be sent to the applicant, and, if duly qualified, transportation will be furnished him.

The Managers are as follows.

The President of the U. S.
The Chief Justice, } Ex-Officis.
The Secretary of War,
Maj. Gen. B. F. Butler, Pres't., Lowell, Mass.
Maj. Gen. J. H. Martindale, Sr. Vice Pres't. Rochester, N. Y.
Jay Cook, Esq., Jr. Vice Pres't, Philadelphia, Pa.
Hon. L. B. Gunckel, Sec'y. Dayton Ohio.
Gov. Richard J. Oglesby, Springfield, Ill.
Gov. Frederick Smyth, Manchester, N. H.
Dr. Erastus B. Wolcott, Milwaukee, Wis.
Maj. Gen. John S. Cavender, St. Louis, Mo.
Rev. Horace G. Stebbins, San Francisco, Cal.

THE REQUIREMENTS ARE:

FIRST—An honorable discharge from the Volunteer Service.

SECOND—Disability by wounds received, or sickness contracted in the line of duty.

If the applicant is unable to travel, or for other sufficient cause, relief will be furnished under the direction of the Manager to whom application is made.

The overseers of all almshouses and charity hospitals having disabled soldiers subsisting upon private beneficence are respectfully urged to report such cases to either of the Managers, as it is not fit that meritorious disabled soldiers of the nation should be supported by private or public charity. Soldiers are especially informed that the Asylums are neither hospitals nor alms-houses, but homes where subsistence, care, education, religious instructions, and employment are provided for disabled soldiers by the Congress of the United States, to be paid for from the forfeitures and fines of deserters from the Army. The provision is not a charity. It is a contribution by the bounty-jumpers and bad soldiers to the brave and deserving, and is their right.

Soldiers having a wife, child or parent dependent upon them, are not required to give up their pensions upon coming to the Asylum. Other soldiers are required to assign their pensions to the Asylum in special case only, to be determined by the Board.

Suitable compensation will be given for profitable labor in the Asylum. Good behavior will insure the kindest treatment. Wives and children will not be cared for at the Asylum, until after the soldier has shown by his ability to aid himself and them in part, by his labor and steadiness, that taking his family in charge will not increase his expenses to the Asylum above the cost of other helpless beneficiaries, in which cases provision will hereafter be made.

Tribute of Respect.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Beaver Seminary and Institute, held on the evening of the 15th inst. the following preamble and resolutions were presented, and unanimously adopted, viz:

The Board of trustees of the Beaver Seminary and Institute, having heard with profound regret of the death of Hon. BENJAMIN ADAMS, their late fellow member, and one of the original founders and most liberal benefactors of the Institution, deem it their duty to express their feelings upon this sorrowful event, Therefore.

Resolved, That by the death of Judge Adams, this Institution has been deprived of a valuable officer and a fast friend. His liberal contributions of money, and his long continued and disinterested personal efforts to build up its usefulness, confer prosperity upon its affairs, and make it a means of promoting the cause of education, and the interests of our town, call for our deep gratitude and unqualified praise. We feel also that the community has lost in him a valuable citizen, the country a true patriot, and the church a consistent and useful member.—We deeply lament the event which has seperated him from us,

Resolved, That to testify our respect for his memory, these proceedings shall be entered at full length upon our minutes, and published in the newspapers in this place, and that a copy, certified by the President and Secretary, be communicated to his widow and family.

DANIEL AGNEW, Pres't.
M. WEYAND, Sec'y.

Notices of the Press.

From among the numerous notices given us by the press since we donned our new suit, we select the following:

NEWSPAPER IMPROVEMENT.—The Beaver *Argus* came to this office last week in a neat new dress, and looking prosperous and vigorous. The *Argus* is one of the oldest weekly papers in the State, and is bold in its advocacy of Republican principles.—*Pitts. Com.*

BEAVER ARGUS.—This sterling Republican paper comes to us this week in a fine new dress from the Chicago Type Foundry. It looks neat, reads easy, and the editor, J. Weyand, Esq., merits a liberal support from the people of Beaver county for his fearless and independent advocacy of Republican principles. May it *be Argus* be true to its name, and the editor successful in his labors.—*Lawrence Journal.*

THE Beaver *Argus* came to hand last week in an entire new dress and greatly improved in appearance. The *Argus* is outspoken and fearless in its advocacy of the right, and deserves a hearty and liberal support at the hands of [illegible] county.—*Mahoning Free Press.*

THE Beaver *Argus* came to us last week rigged out in an entire new dress, and makes a handsome appearance. This indicates a prosperous season for the *Argus* in Beaver county.—*Wheeling Intelligencer.*

THE Beaver *Argus* and Beaver *Monitor* came to us this week clothed each in a new and beautiful dress and otherwise improved. They are both live papers, and we are pleased to note this evidence of their prosperity.—*New Lisbon Buckeye State.*

THE Beaver *Argus* comes to us in a new dress. It is looking well and is deserving of the liberal patronage bestowed by the citizens of Beaver.—*Waynesburgh Rep.*

DIED.

EAKIN—On the 16th inst., in Bridgewater, Beaver county, PA., MR. GEORGE EAKIN, age about 84 years.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

Shallenberger Bros. of Bridgewater have just received from the East a fine assortment of Virginia Tobacco and Cigars bought at very low figures.

The Cigars include a variety of good brands, ranging in price from 25 cents to $7.50 per 100.

The Smoking Tobaccos are also of various kinds and qualities, from extra Cut and Dry at 32 cents per lb., to the finest manufactured from pure Virginia leaf, put up in ¼ and ½ lb. packages.

Also Virginia Tens and Navy on hand.

☞ Pure Ice Cold Soda Water from a Porcelain lined Fountain, at Rhodes' Drug Store, cor., 3d st., and Diamond, Beaver.

☞ A new lot of Paints, and Brushes, and all painters materials, at Rhodes' Drug Store.

☞ A new Style lamp, just the thing for farmers, at Rhodes' Drug Store.

SOMETHING

WONDERFUL!

AT

GEALY'S

NEW

Millinery, Trimming

AND

SHOE EMPORIUM!

TWO DOORS BELOW STILES & SHALLENBERGER'S WATER ST., BRIDGEWATER.

N. B.—I HAVE REMOVED TO THE ROOM formerly occupied by J. M. DICKEY, on Water st., where I will be glad to see all my old customers, and all others favoring me with a call.

I am now receiving a large and splendid Stock of latest Spring Styles of Millinery, Trimmings, &c., &c., which will be sold very cheap.

MILLINERY,

Of every description—Silk and Straw Bonnets, Ladies' and Misses Hats, Ribbons, Flowers, Ruches, &c., &c.

TRIMMINGS,

Of all kinds, for Dresses and Sacques. Gimps. Cords, Laces, Chenelle, Eugene Ruffles, Buttons, &c.

BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS, HAIR NETS, BELT, BUCKLES, &c.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Gent's & Ladies' Paper Collars.

MEN AND BOYS' HATS AND CAPS, NECK-TIES, SUSPENDERS, UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS, WHITE SHIRTS, PAPER COLLARS, &c.

Hosiery and Gloves,

LADIES' CLOTHS, ALL COLORS,

SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS AND SHAWLS, VERY CHEAP.

SHOES,

Just received, a large lot, very cheap. Call and see.

MILLINERY.

BONNETS ALTERED AND CLEANED, CHEAP.

Stamping, Pinking and Cloak Cutting and Making on short notice.

MEN'S SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER. MACHINE STITCHING.

CALL AND SEE ME.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

REMEMBER THE PLACE

Two doors below Stiles & Shallenberger's Grocery Store, Water street, Bridgewater.

WATT GEALY.

J. L THOMPSON.....F. S. HAMILTON.

THOMPSON & HAMILTON,

Sharon, Beaver Co., Pa.

(4TH DOOR NORTH OF DARRAGH'S STORE.)

MANUFACTURERS OF FANCY AND COMMON Brooms, and dealers in Handles, Wire, Twine, &c., &c. All work warranted. Having purchased an excellent lot of corn, and provided ourselves with all needed facilities, we flatter ourselves that all Brooms manufactured by us will be as good as the best, and cheap as the cheapest. Call and see us before purchasing elsewhere.

ADDRESS—Box 17, Beaver, Pa. [apr3'67:3m.

LAUGHING GAS

ADMINISTERED BY DR. MURRAY, BRIDGEWATER, PA., in extracting teeth. I have added to my many other facilities for the successful prosecution of my profession, this invaluable pain-killing agent. All branches of Dentistry performed in the best and most modern style. All work done as cheaply, and fifty per cent. better than at any other Steam Dental Establishment in the State. [may9'67:tf

NOTICE.—All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm of J. S. RUTAN & Co., for subscription, advertising, &c., are requested to call immediately at the *Argus* office and settle their accounts.—After the first of July, 1867, all outstanding accounts will be left in the hands of a proper officer for collection. [je 19'67:2t.

DRESSMAKERS WANTED.—One or two speedy Sewers. Apply immediately to Mrs. Bence, 34 St. Beaver.

TINWARE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Tin, Copper & Sheet-Iron Ware

I PROPOSE KEEPING CONSTANTLY ON HAND all kinds of TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE, which I will sell

AT THE LOWEST PRICES!

Tin Roofing, Spouting & Job Work

Done to order in the best possible manner, and at the shortest notice.

Using none but the best of material, and having none but the best of workmen,

WE WARRANT ALL WORK!

SHOP ON THE LOWER END OF

Third Street,

BEAVER, PA.

Give us a Call, and Examine our Stock.

Japanned ware kept constantly on hand.

my1'67:tf O. R. ANSHUTZ.

JUST OPENED!

—AT—

MRS. A. E. KOOKEN'S

Millinery Store,

ROCHESTER, PA.

A NEW AND GOOD ASSORTMENT OF SPRING *MILLINERY GOODS*,

Including Silk, Straw, and Mourning Bonnets, and Hats of every style and quality. Also, Ribbons, Flowers, Malines, Laces, Straw Cord, and Tassels, Crystal, Amber and Jet, Bugle Fringe and Ornaments.

STAMPED GOODS

Constantly on hand, or stamped to order with the new

FRENCH PERFORATED STAMPS & BLOCKS,

INDELIBLE STAMPING

Suitable for Ladies' and Children's clothing, warranted to wash on linen, cotton, or woolen goods.

Having received a

NEW AND IMPROVED PRESSING MACHINE,

AND THE LATEST STYLES OF

BONNET AND HAT BLOCKS,

I am now prepared to alter, bleach and press straw goods in the best manner, and on short notice.

mar21'67:3m. A. E. KOOKEN.

FARMERS, READ THIS!

BUCKEYE

Mower and Reaper!

AGAIN TRIUMPHANT!

This extensively known, and deservedly popular Machine was submitted to the most vigorous test of its superiority, at a trial of competing machines that took place under the management of the New York Society, at Auburn, N. Y., in July, 1858. The committee consisted of eleven judges, and *forty* machines were entered as contestants for the prize. The trial lasted three weeks and the tests were most thorough. The result was announced at the State Fair held at Saratoga on the 12th of September last, and the

GRAND GOLD MEDAL

was then awarded the

BUCKEYE

as the machine

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS!

A similar testimony was awarded it in the same State in 1865. This machine is regarded by the thousands who can speak from experience, as the

Best in the World!

and is manufactured by the Incorporated Company of

C. AULTMAN & CO.

CANTON, OHIO.

Persons wanting any of these machines, can have them by applying to the undersigned, who is the agent for Beaver county.

JAMES PATTERSON,
apr17'67:3m New Galilee, Pa.

J. W. HAMMILL,

PAINTER,

Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa.

IS PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF SIGN, House and Ornamental Painting. He is also ready at all times to paint Buggies, Carriages, Wagons, &c., on short notice, and on favorable terms. Furniture repainted and varnished. [je13'67:1m.

SPRING FASHIONS!

1867.

BRIDGE STREET, BRIDGEWATER,

NEW ASSORTMENT MILLINERY WILL BE opened at my old stand, lately occupied by Mr. Gealy, on Thursday, March 14th. I wish to inform my old friends, and as many new ones as will please patronize me, that I am now receiving an entire new stock of Millinery, of the latest Spring Styles, and will be pleased with an early call.

mar 13'67:tf. MRS. S. REES.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD AND SUBSTANTIAL BRICK DWELling House, situate in Bobbsville, containing 4 rooms and hall on first floor, 5 rooms on second floor, good kitchen with range, rooms on first floor grained and varnished. All the rooms in the house well papered. The house well painted, good cellar, porch with lattice work, two arbors of bearing grape vines, shrubbery and small fruits; thirty fruit trees set out this spring. Lot 75 by 187 feet, house 40 by 26.

Enquire of BENJ. R. BRADFORD, Real Estate Agent, New Brighton. [je13'67:1m.

DRY GOODS!

—AT—

F. A. Fortune's

—IN THE—

DIAMOND, ROCHESTER, PA.

NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW PRINTS,
NEW DELAINES,
and NEW MUSLINS,

—AT—

PRICES!

NEW MILLINERY GOODS!

HATS, FLOWERS, RIBBONS, &c.

Greatly Reduced

Having secured the Agency for the

Empire Sewing Machine

I respectfully solicit an examination of the same by the public.

This Machine is constructed on a new principle of mechanism, possessing many rare and valuable improvements, having been examined by the most profound experts, and pronounced to be simplicity and perfection combined.

In a mechanical point of view, the advantages we claim for the "EMPIRE MACHINE," are—

1st.—The method of driving the Needle Bar by a compound crank, which produces the same action as heretofore obtained by means of a Cam; but in a more durable and noiseless manner.

2d.—We use a rotating shaft above the table, and thus are enabled to give all the room required under the arm; without detriment to the durability of Machines; having a bearing directly over the Needle Bar.

3d.—Our Feed Wheel is a friction feed, and so constructed there is but one joint in transmitting the motion from the rock shaft to the wheel, and unlike all others, cannot be effected by oil or dust.

4th.—The Rock Shaft that works the Feed motion also drives the Shuttle. The bearings of this Shaft and Centres are hardened steel and adjustable, so that we can take up the lost motion at will.

The following are the principal objections urged against Sewing Machines:

1. Excessive fatigue to the operator.
2. Liability to get out of order.
3d. Expense, trouble, and loss of time in repairing.
4. Incapacity to sew every description of material.
5. Disagreeable noise while in operation.

The Empire Sewing Machine is Exempt from all these Objections.

It has a straight needle, perpendicular action, makes the lock or shuttle stitch, which will neither rip nor ravel, and is alike on both sides; performs perfect sewing on every description of material, from Leather to the finest Nansook Muslin, with cotton, linen, or silk thread, from the coarest to the finest number.

IT HEMS, FELLS, BINDS, BRAIDS, TUCKS, QUILTS, PLAITS, and GATHERS.

Having neither cam nor cog wheel, and the least possible friction, it runs as smooth as glass, and is

Emphatically a Noiseless Machine.

F. A. Fortune's,

RED FRONT,

Dry Goods Store,

ROCHESTER, PA.

Raccoon Township Local Bounty Account in full for the Years 1864, '65, and '66.

The School Directors in account with the District per Treasurer, James Shellito, dec'd., 1867.

	DR.	CR.
To Cash received on Bonds		$45 0000
By Warrant		25 0000
ALEX. EWING, Treasurer	DR.	
To Cash on Bonds		3,625 00
" Tax levied per Duplicate, 1864		2,967 74
		6,659 74
By Warrants		6,477 50
" Lost Tax		66 00
" 2½ per cent. pd Treas. Col. & Disbursing		86 05
		6,629 45
By Balance paid Wm. Ewing, Treasurer		CR. 30 29
		6,659 74
WM. EWING, Treasurer, for the year 1865.	DR.	
To Balance from A. Ewing		30 29
Tax Levied per Duplicate 1865		3,501 25
		3,535 59
		CR.
By warrants		3,487 54
" Exonerations		30 06
2½ per cent, Collecting & Disbursing		88 79
		3,506 41
By Balance charged to settlement, 1866		256 78
		3,535 59
WM. EWING, Treasurer, 1866.	DR.	
To Balance due 1865		256 78
Tax levied, duplicate, 1866		3,917 41
		4,284 19
		CR.
By Warrants		3,130 97
" Lost Tax		62 04
Exonerations		42 96
Error in Duplicate		10 00
Soldiers exempt		12 24
2½ per cent to Treasurer		89 98
		3,509 21
Balance due Township		774 98

L. L. H. CRAIL,
JOHN MULENET, } Auditors.
WM. HOOD,
je5'67:3t.

BOUNTY ACCOUNT.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED AUDITORS OF Brighton township, submit the following report of the Bounty Accounts from 1864 to 1867.

	DR.		CR.
Oct. 1st 1864, J. G. Hunter By bonds and int.			
By Duplicate	$3,838 60	Interest cancelled	$6,695 38
June 5, 1865, Jno. R. Hays		Lost tax	396 40
By Duplicate	2,252 03	By per cent pd. collector and Treas'r.	189 43
By monies borrowed in excess	1,156 64		
June 3, By warrant on school funds at settlement	18 41		
	$7,271 48		$7,271 48

J. D. SMALL,
J. G. HUNTER, } Auditors.
je12'67:3w. J. M. SCOTT,
(*Local* copy and send bill to Brighton twp. School Directors.)

BOUNTY ACCOUNT.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS IN ACCOUNT WITH CHIPpewa township, on Local Bounty, second fiscal year, ending 9th of April, 1867.

	DR.		CR.
Tax Duplicate 1866. (available.)	$2,731 83	By cash pd. on Tp. Bonds and discount on note in Bank	$284 85
		Treas. fees ½ of 1 per cent.	2 47

We the undersigned Auditors of Chippewa township, believe the above statement to be just and true to the best of our knowledge and ability.

JOHN S. HERRON,
DAVID DUNLAP, } Auditors.
je5'67:3w. DAVID THOMAS,
(*Local* Copy.

BOUNTY ACCOUNT.

LOCAL BOUNTY ACCOUNT OF MARION TP. in full for the year 1866. The School Directors in account with the District per Treasurer, J. A. Bilson.

	DR.		CR.
To balance due '65	$23 67	By warrant	$1,[illegible]
Tax levied per duplicate	1,089 68	Interest	6 [illegible]
By sub. Collected	20 00	Lost Tax	4 [illegible]
		Error	1 37
	1,112 35	2 per cent. to Treasurer	22 [illegible]
		Bal pd. to the Treas. of the School B'd f. A. Bimber, Esq.	23 00
			1,112 35

HENRY SCHRAM,
JACOB PFLUG, } Auditors.
je12'67:3w. C. W. WAGNER,

UNION

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ROCHESTER, PENNA.,

A. B. SMITH & CO.,

PROPRIETORS,

MANUFACTURE MOWERS, REAPERS, Railway or Endless Chain, and Lever Power of various sizes, Threshers and Separators, Farm Mills, Cider Mills, Cane Mills

THE GREAT RADICAL NEWSPAPER,

FORNEY'S PRESS.

NO COMPROMISE WITH TRAITORS.

GET THE BEST AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN THE COUNTRY.

THE PRESS,

A first-class Double-sheet Eight-page paper, containing Forty-eight columns.

Published Every Morning, Southwest corner of Seventh and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia.

TERMS:

DAILY PRESS.

$8.00 per annum.
$4.00 for six months.
$2.00 for three months.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS

$4.00 per annum.
$2.00 for six months.
$1.00 for three months.

THE SUNDAY PRE

$2.00 per annum.
$1.00 for six months.

THE WEEKLY PRESS.

THE MOST VALUABLE WEEKLY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

It contains items of interest to every one.

READ THE TERMS.

One Copy	$2.00 per annum.
Five Copies	8.00 " "
Ten Copies	17.50 " "
Twenty Copies	33.00 " "

To the getter up of a Club of Ten or more Copies an extra copy will be given.

All orders should addressed to,

JOHN W. FORNEY,
Editor and Proprietor,
S. W. cor. Seventh and Chestnut sts.,
Philadelphia, Pa.

je5'67:1t.

CONVERSION OF 7 3-10S.

IN REPLY TO NUMEROUS INQUIRIES IN REgard to the manner of converting the August 7 3-10s into the new 5-20 Gold Coupon Bond we make the following statement for the benefit of the holders of 7 3-10s, who may not be informed:

The Government computes the intcrest on both bonds in currency from the date of the maturity of the last coupon, allowing seven and three-tenths on the 7 3-10s, and charging six per cent. on the 5-20s. For example: You sent to Washington 1,000 7 3-10 Bond which reaches there on

May 1st	$1,000
74 days interest (from Feb. 15)	14 80
5-20s	$1,000
119 days' interest)from Jan. 1st.)	19 56
(This is counted at 365 days per annum)	1,09 56
Allowed for 7 3-10s,	1,014 80
You pay Government	4 76

It will be seen by this that the Gold interest is given as currency, which is of itself a profit to the party converting the 7-30s nearly eight dollars per $1,000, aside from the fact that at the present rate of Gold, the 5-20s pay over 8 per cent. per annum.

We are converting the 7 3-10s on much better terms than the Government, as the present buying and selling rates enable us to allow the holder of the 7 3-10s a better figure than has yet been offered by any one as a commission.

We also exchange the new 4-20 bond for the other series of 7 3-10s on the most favorable terms.

Parties exchanging through us, in addition to their getting much better terms than they can from the Government, will have their 5-20s delivered to them immediately, thus saving delay. We also register any bonds sent to us without charge. On all bonds sent us by express we pay charges both ways, and send bonds promptly as directed.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(*Successors to S. Jones & Co.*)
Dealers in Government Securities,
Corner Fourth and Wood streets,
may9:2m Pittsburgh, Pa.

E. PENT STEWART.....R. A. WILSON.

SPRING AND SUMMER!

BOOTS AND SHOES.

WILSON & STEWART,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFROM THE PUBlic, that they have have just received direct from the manufacturers, the largest and best selected SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK OF

Ladies', Gent's, Boys' and Children's Boots and Shoes.

GAITERS AND SLIPPERS

All of the latest styles, that have ever been brought to this county, and which they are prepared to sell

AS CHEAP, IF NOT CHEAPER,

Than they can be bought in the city of Pittsburg.

Thankful for past patronage, we solicit a continuance of the same, and invite purchasers to call and examine our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

We have a shop connected to do all repairing.

All Goods Warranted.

WILSON & STEWART,
In the Diamond,
apr24'67. ROCHESTER, PA.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

26 & 28 ST. CLAIR ST.,

Pittsburg, Pa.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS,
ENAMELED OIL CLOTHS,
TABLE OIL CLOTHS,
STAIR OIL CLOTHS,

Transparent Green Oil Cloth,
for window shades,
Transparent Window Shades,
BUFF HOLLANDS,
SHADE FIXTURES,
TASSELS, CORDS, &c., &c

ALSO, DEALERS IN

India Rubber Machine Belting, Hose, Steam Packing, Gasket, Tubing, Cement, Clothing, and Rubber goods generally.

Oak Tanned Leather Belting, Lace Leather, Belt Hooks, Rivets, Lubricating Steam Packing, &c.

Agents for the Universal Clothes Wringer.

A general assortment of the above named goods always on hand.

☞ Orders respectfully solicited and promptly filled. [my1'67:6m

A. S. HARVEY,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

HAS JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF

Cranberries,	Hominy,
Canned Peaches,	Turkey Prunes,
do Tomatoes,	Layer Raisins,
do Green Corn,	Seedless Raisins,
do Plums,	English Currants,
Dried Corn,	Goshen Cheese,
do Peaches,	Sweet Potatoes,
Pickles,	No. 1 Mackerel.

Also, a prime assortment of Teas, Sugar and Coffee.

☞ Terms, strictly CASH.

A. S. HARVEY,
nov26'66 Bridge street, Bridgewater.

Lime! Lime!

At the "Mulvanon Kilns."

25 Cents per Bushel.

I AM NOW SELLING THE BEST QUALITY OF Lime at the above price. Our Lime is the best and is all picked. We sell no dirt, ashes, or stone.

je18'67:1. W. J. DUNN.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH

BY BUYING

Pure Medicines.

AT

LOUIS BREHM & CO.'S.,

IN THE DIAMOND,

ROCHESTER, PA.

(One door from Fortune's Dry Goods Store,) can be found a full assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS, and

FINE LIQUORS;

Also, a full Assortment of

WINDOW GLASS,

PAINTS,

LINSEED OIL,

NEAT'S FOOT OIL,

SPERM OIL,

LARD OIL,

CARBON OIL,

AND

PURE AND SECOND QUALITY

WHITE LEAD:

ALSO, FINE TOILET SOAPS,

ALL VARIETIES BRUSHES,

THE BEST PERFUMERY

FANCY & TOILET ARTICLES,

AND POPULAR PREPARATIONS FOR THE HAIR,

All kinds of PATENT MEDICINES always on hand.

ALSO, SEGARS & TOBACCO,

My entire stock has been purchased for CASH, and is offered at the very LOWEST PRICES.

☞ As I am a thoroughly educated Apothecary and Chemist, physicians and others can rely upon their prescriptions accurately filled with *Pure Medicines only*.

LOUIS BREHM & CO.
aug29'66:1y

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS

AT REDUCED PRICES!

OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE AND WARRANTED!

PARLOR,
LIBRARY,
DINING ROOM,
and CHAMBER SUITS,

In Every Variety and Style!

SCHOOLS,
HOTELS,
STEAMBOAT,
and PUBLIC BUILDINGS,

FURNISHED ON MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

T. B. YOUNG & CO.,
38 & 40 Smithfield street,
mar20'67:6m Pittsburgh, Pa.

R. A. WILSON.....HARVEY BROWN.

NEW STORE, NEW FIRM

AND

New Groceries.

WILSON & BROWN

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THEIR NUmerous friends and the public generally, that they intend opening a New Grocery Store, on

BRIDGE STREET, BRIDGEWATER,

adjoining the Dry Goods Store of A. G. Hurst, on the 5th day of March.

It is their intention of having on hand, at all times, a full assortment of the

BEST FAMILY GROCERIES,

and they beg leave to state that they are determined to compete with all other dealers in the town or neighborhood, as their Stock of Goods are all new, and bought at the late great reduction, and selected with the greatest care by Mr. HARVEY BROWN, whose knowledge of the business cannot be questioned, having been with Mr. Arthur Harvey for many years.

They call particular attention to their stock of Teas and Coffee, as they flatter themselves they have something extra to offer as to price and quality.

The best brands of Family Flour always on hand. Produce taken at all times at full market prices. *All goods delivered.*

WILSON & BROWN.

Bridgewater, Feb. 27, 1867—1y.

M. MILLER. W. DOLBY. CHAS. LUKENS.

M. MILLER & CO.,

Rochester Planing, Sash and Door Mill.

Rochester, Beaver Co., Pa

(NEAR RAILROAD DEPOT.)

MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN, Planed Lumber, Dressing, Flooring, Siding, Shelving, Doors, Sash, Shutters, &c., &c.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

Also proprietors of Clarke & Rhinesmith's Patent Weather Boarding, Patented May 1st, 1866, for the exterior of houses, &c. This siding consists in forming the various strips of boards of a level or tapering shape across its entire width, with lower or thicker edge, made with a suitable moulding to impart a neat and finished appearance. Shop rights for the manufacture and use of this siding in Beaver county will be sold reasonably.

Having had much experience in building, and the Lumber business generally added to our new facilities for its manufacture, we feel confidence in inviting our old friends and patrons to call and examine for themselves, before contracting elsewhere. [apr10'67:tf

W. A. ROSE, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

Has permanently located in the TOWN OF ROCHESTER. Prompt attention given to all calls, excepting when professionally engaged.

☞ Office: Adjoining the "Mansion House," in the old Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Depot, Rochester, Pa. [my29'67:tf

AT

MOORE'S DRUG STORE,

IN BEAVER,

May be found the best assortment of

DRUGS,

Medicines,

CHEMICALS,

PURE

LIQUORS, WINES And Brandies,

Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS:

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES,

PATENT MEDICINES

In great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any other Drug Store in the county.

Duponco's Female Pills, 75 cents per box; Cheesman's, $1; Clark's, $1.

The Largest Stock of

LAMPS & LAMP TRIMMINGS, LANTERNS, STATIONERY, WINDOW GLASS & PUTTY.

Ever offered outside of the city at Moore's Drug Store, and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else.

Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more.

july1'67 J. MOORE.

FALLSTON FOUNDRY!

ENGINE & REPAIR SHOP,

In Fallston Beaver County, Pa.

HAVING refitted and enlarged my stock of machinery and tools, and having secured the services of the best of mechanics, I am prepared to warrant all work done to give entire satisfaction. I have on hand different patterns and styles of Engines, Fire Clay Rolls, and am prepared to make or repair all descriptions of machinery, on reasonable terms.

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS.

I have all the best plow patterns that suit this market, among which is the "Great Western," which has been THE plow of the county for the last fifteen years. There are five sizes of this plow, all of which I manufacture and keep for sale; also "Patent Lever"—right and left—"Mountain King,"—right and left—"Side Hill," and nearly all the different kinds in use.

COOKING, FRANKLIN AND HEATING STOVES.

Having made several important improvements on the "Climax," by which coal or wood can be supplied without lifting lids, and having two places for pipe, either or both of which can be used at the same time, with a ventilation to the oven, thus having the advantages of a Cooking Stove, Bake oven and Franklin Stove combined. This Stove has been in constant use for twenty years, and many of them after being used for this period of time, are now in good order. There is but a small portion of this stove that ever burns out, and this is easily and cheaply replaced. To make them still more lasting, we are now putting in tile or fire brick lining. Our other patterns are the Enterprise, Keystone and Premium Parlor Stoves, large and small heating Stoves, Franklin Stoves, Jenny Lind's, &c. Grate and Grate Fronts, Fenders, Iron Railing of various styles, Wagon Boxes, two irons, Tire Benders, Corn Shellers, Force and Cistern Pumps, Sad Irons, Metal Sinks for kitchen, Sheet Iron and Tinware, always on hand and made to order. In fact, I manufacture and keep for sale, almost everything wanted in the machinery or hardware line.

Second hand stoves always for sale cheap. Two good new engines, suitable for saw-mill or shop purposes now on hand, and will be sold reasonable.

mar13'67—1y. JOHN THORNLEY.

CRATE A. DICKEY.....R. A. WILSON.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR

Bargains!

GRAND CLOSING OUT

OF

Boots and Shoes

IN BEAVER!

WILSON & DICKEY WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the public in general of their intention to close out their extensive stock of Fall and Winter Boots and Shoes, to prepare for a Spring Stock, consisting of

Ladies', Gent's, Boy's and Children's Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c.,

Which will be sold at cost, or below cost, as we are bound to keep up the trade, and that to the entire satisfaction of our customers. *All goods warranted.*

DICKEY & WILSON,
3 doors East of H. B. Anderson's Store,
Jan3'67. Beaver, Pa.

WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES

—AND—

OIL CLOTHS

—AT THE—

Lowest Possible Rates,

—AT—

MRS. M. DONLEY'S

BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE,

In the Diamond,

ROCHESTER, PA.

Also School and other Books, Stationery, Eastern papers and Magazines.

All orders promptly attended to. [mar26'67:3m

BRIDGEWATER

MARBLE WORKS.

DAVID WOODRUFF, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Italian and American Marble.

Monuments, Head Stones, &c., made to order. Please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Shop opposite Dr. Smith's Drug Store, Bridge street, Bridgewater.

jy26'66:1y DAVID WOODRUF.

C. I. WENDT, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIST,

NEW BRIGHTON, BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE ON LOCUST ST. between Railroad and Bridge sts. [my1'67:3m

HARDWARE STORE!

J. S. WINANS,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, NAILS, GLASS, AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

CARPENTERS' TOOLS,

BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

MASONS' TOOLS,

SHOEMAKERS TOOLS,

SADDLERS' TOOLS,

PLASTERERS' TOOLS,

MINERS' TOOLS.

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

BENT FELLOWS & SHAFTS,

LOCKS, BOLTS & HINGES,

PICKS, MATTOCKS & HOES,

COUNTER & PLATFORM SCALES,

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

HORSE SHOES & NAILS,

TIRE & CARRIAGE BOLTS & NUTS,

CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS.

ALSO, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, AND PUTTY.

AGENT FOR

EXCELSIOR MOWER AND REAPER, AND NEW BRIGHTON FIRE-BRICK WORKS.

jan2,'67.

NEW ARRIVAL

AT

Mulheim's Store,

IN BRIDGEWATER, PA.

25,000 Bolts of WALL PAPER,

Of the Latest Styles and Patterns just received from NEW YORK!

The subscriber again thanks his numerous friends for their former patronage. Anticipating their wants and tastes, I visited New York and closely selected one of the largest stock of

VARIETY GOODS, &C.,

Ever brought to this county, consisting of

Traveling Sacks,	*Ladies' Satchels,*
Fancy Goods,	*Children's Carriages,*
Books, Stationery,	*Carpeting, Oil Cloths.*
Window Blinds,	*Rings, Brushes, &c.,*

All of which I will sell cheaper than they can be purchased for in the city. Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

B. MULHEIM,
Bridge Street,
Bridgewater, Pa.

CARPET STORE

Removal.

M'CALLUM BROTHERS

Will remove on March 1st, 1867, from 87 Fourth street, to their new and elegant Warehouse

NO. 51 FIFTH STREET,

ABOVE WOOD ST.,

PITTSBURG,

Built by them expressly for the accommodation of their large and increasing business. Having very superior facilities for business, they will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of all Goods pertaining to the Carpet business, which they offer at Wholesale or Retail to the trade and public at lowest market rates.

mar6'67:1y] McCALLUM BROTHERS.

SPRING TRADE!

1867.

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.

No. 54

WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS,

Have their stock open for trade.

GOOD GOODS!

AT

Reasonable Prices.

S. B. M'ELROY.
JAMES DICKSON.
JOHN T. SHANE.

mar13'67m.

EDWARD FOERSTER,

DEALER IN

WALL PAPER, VARIETIES,

FANCY GOODS AND TOYS,

Gold, Glazed & Common wall Papers, Paper, Oil and Transparent Window Shades and Fixtures,

TABLE OIL CLOTHS, &c.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

164 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh.

J. L. THOMPSON.....F. S. HAMILTON.

THOMPSON & HAMILTON,

Sharon, Beaver Co., Pa.

(4TH DOOR NORTH OF DARRAGH'S STORE.)

MANUFACTURERS OF FANCY AND COMMON Brooms, and dealers in Handles, Wire, Twine, &c., &c. All work warranted. Having purchased an excellent lot of corn, and provided ourselves with all needed facilities, we flatter ourselves that all Brooms manufactured by us will be as good as the best, and cheap as the cheapest. Call and see us before purchasing elsewhere.

ADDRESS—Box 17, Beaver, Pa. [apr3'67:3m.

S. J. CROSS & CO.

SECOND DOOR ABOVE THE R.R.

NEW YORK STREET,

ROCHESTER, PA.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR SALE

AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES,

A COMPLETE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

Dry Goods,

CONSISTING OF

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLIN,
PRINTS, GINGHAMS,
DeLAINE, ALPACCAS,
COBURGS, FRENCH MERINOS,
FLANNELS, Plain and Barred,
WOOL DeLAINES, all Colors,
BLACK SILK, TIKING,
TABLING, TOWELING,
CHECK, JEANT,
TWEEDS, SATINETC,
CAISERZZ, BROADCLOTH,
CLOAKING,

Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,

NOTIONS,

HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.

HATS AND CAPS,

Men's and Boys'—a large stock of the latest styles.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Men's, Women's and Children's Gum Shoes, Carpet Shoes, &c., &c.

Ready-Made Clothing.

SCHOOL BOOKS & STATIONERY.

Hardware.

A large and well assorted Stock, consisting, in part, of

CUTLERY,

Carpenters' Tools, of all Kinds,

BUILDING HARDWARE, BUTT,
FTRA HINGE, SCREW,
BUTTER HINGE, BOLT,
LOCKS, NAIL, &c.

Window Glass,

Of all Sizes, and Double Strength.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Paid to filling orders of Carpenters, Contractors and Builders, for

HARDWARE,

GLASS AND NAILS,

LINSEED OIL,

BENZINE,

COAT'S PATENT DYER,

PAINTS OF ALL COLORS,

WHITE LEAD,

PUTTY,

GROUND, DRY AND IN OIL

Painters will do well to examine our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Groceries.

A Fresh and Full supply constantly on hand at very lowest prices.

CHOICE BRANDS OF

FLOUR,

IN BARRELS AND SACKS.

CARBON OIL,

LARD OIL,

QUEENSWARE,

STONE WARE, &c., &c

☞ All heavy goods delivered free of charge. ☜

All kinds of grain and country produce taken in exchange for goods.

☞ S. J. CROSS is Conveyancer—Agent of Samuel Simes and the Rochester Land Company. Also Agent of the Merchants' Union Express Company.

Remember the place:

CROSS'S STORE,

SECOND BUILDING ABOVE THE RAILROAD,

NEW YORK STREET,

Rochester, Pa.

jan2'67:1y

THE PLACE TO BUY

CHEAP GOODS!

CALL AND

SEE THEM!

HAVING RECENTLY PURCHASED A COMPLETE AND FINE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
TINWARE,
GROCERIES, &c.

WE ARE PREPARED TO SELL AT ASTONISHINGLY LOW PRICES!

Prints	10 cents.
Ginghams	12 "
Brown Muslin	12½ "
Bleached Muslin	12½ "

OTHER GOODS IN PROPORTION.

Call and see our goods. No charges for showing them. All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

my8'67:3m ORR & DAWSON,
Third street, Beaver, Pa.

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW STOCK OF GOODS, of the

LATEST STYLES,

For Spring and Summer Wear.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

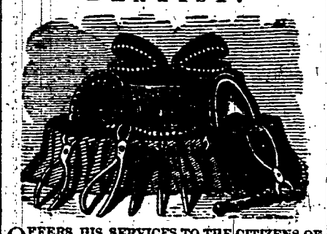
CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In latest and most fashionable styles, and at short notice.

WILLIAM REICH,
Stewart's Row, Bridge street,
oc10'66—my29'67 Bridgewater, Pa.

J. M. Harton,

DENTIST.



OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO THE CITIZENS OF BEAVER AND VICINITY.

Artificial Teeth perfectly fitted, Articulated, Shaped, Sized and Colored, to suit every individual, mounted on fine Gold, Silver, English and American Vulcanite. Teeth extracted without pain by an entirely new process: no Ether, Chloroform, Nitrous-oxide or any other anæsthetic used in connection with the apparatus.

☞ Office on Third street, 2d door east of H. B. Anderson's store. [feb20'67:6m.

NEW STORE!

EXCLUSIVELY

Boots and Shoes!

PERSONS DESIROUS OF ECONOMISING, WILL find it to their interest to call at

RUSH'S NEW STORE,

BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON,

[OPPOSITE THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.]

The undersigned, having had seventeen years experience in the business, feels himself fully confident, with his facilities for receiving goods direct from the Manufacturers, that it will be to every person's advantage to call and examine for themselves. [up10:3m

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

WILSON & UNDERWOOD,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

TEAS,

AND

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

NO. 15, SOUTH WEST DIAMOND,

(Adjoining Bepler Hotel,)

Allegheny City, Pa.

☞ One of the cheapest and best Wholesale and Retail Stores in the two cities. Call and examine our Stock and Prices. [my20'67:3m

WILL P. GRAHAM.....OWEN BYRNE.

GRAHAM & BYRNE,

Fashionable Hatters,

No. 52 St. Clair Street,

Between Liberty and Penn Sts., opp. St. Clair Hotel.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

HATS, CAPS and STRAW GOODS,

Of every style and quality, at the very lowest prices. may24'67:1y

BEAVER FALLS MILL.

THE BEAVER FALLS MILL COMPANY HAVE their New Mill completed, and in successful operation. In addition to Merchant Work they are prepared to do all kinds of Custom Work, in the best manner, and on short notice.

The highest market price will be paid in Cash for all kinds of Grain delivered at the Mill. may1'67:3m

A Great Change!

PURE DRUGS & MEDICINES,

AT THE

Corner of Diamond & Third St.,

Beaver, Pa.

THE DRUG STORE FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY Hamilton & Anderson has been purchased by

J. B. RHODES,

WHO NOW OFFERS

A Full and Complete Stock of

PURE DRUGS & MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS:

Perfumery,

SOAPS, TOILET ARTICLES,

And Brushes of All Kinds.

PROPRIETARY GOODS AND DYE-STUFFS.

☞ We are prepared to sell PURE AND SECOND QUALITY WHITE LEAD, AND OILS OF ALL KINDS, *at Pittsburgh prices.*

☞ *Please Call and be Convinced!!* ☜

WINDOW GLASS OF ALL SIZES.

Our stock of Alcohols, Wines, Brandies, Whiskeys, and other Liquors, will be found complete, and, being selected with great care, can be relied upon as being *Pure* as can be obtained, and will be sold for Medical, Mechanical, and Sacramental purposes *only*.

☞ **Prescriptions and Family Receipts Accurately Filled at All Hours.**

Our Prescription and Medicine Department being under the personal supervision of Mr. L. M. HAMILTON, with an experience of seven years, we flatter ourselves that we can give full satisfaction in any branch of the business.

☞ Remember the place—near the Post Office, corner Third street and the Diamond, Beaver.

All are respectfully invited to call and examine our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Beaver, Apr24'67:1y J. B. RHODES.

J. H. BENCE,

THIRD STREET, (1 DOOR BELOW SEMINARY)

Beaver, Pa.

OFFERS TO HIS FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS a select Stock of the

LATEST STYLES

In Trimmings,

EMBROIDERY,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
LACES,
RUFFLES,
RIBBONS,
BUTTONS,
HOSIERY,
CORSETS,
GLOVES,
TIDIES,
BAL. SKIRTS.

The new style Invisible Empress Trail Hoop Skirt, Veil Stuffs, Grenadines, Sun Umbrellas, Zephyrs, Ladies' and Gent's Paper Cuffs and Collars, &c.

MILLINERY,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Hats and Bonnets, very cheap. Flowers in every variety, cheap. Hats and Bonnets altered and cleaned, cheap.

Also, Dress-making, Cloak and Sack Cutting, Pinking, &c., &c.

Madame Demorest's Latest Paris and N. York Trimmed Patterns constantly on hand.

PATTERNS FOR SALE.

As our stock has been purchased at low prices, and offered at corresponding low rates. Give us a call and satisfy yourself.

☞ Don't forget the place—one door below the Seminary, Third street, Beaver, Pa.

apr17'67:3m J. H. BENCE

NEW GROCERY STORE!

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKES PLEASURE IN informing the people of Beaver and vicinity, that he has opened a

GROCERY STORE

in the building in which his Feed Store is now kept on

THIRD STREET, BEAVER,

where will be found an excellent assortment of

COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SORGHUM, RICE, PEPPERS, SPICES, SOAPS, CANDIES, RAISINS, ENGLISH CURRANTS, FIGS, &c.

Bedcords, Washtubs, Keelers, Tinware, and in fact every article usually kept in a well regulated Grocery Store.

In connection with his Grocery, he still continues to keep his FLOUR AND FEED STORE, where the best articles in this line are constantly kept, and offered cheap for Cash or Produce.

jan9'67:1y SIMON SNYDER

GEO. C. SPEYERER,

Corner of Water and Janes Street,

ROCHESTER, PA.

HAVING RETURNED FROM THE EAST, I AM now opening a large and well selected

STOCK OF GOODS

Which were bought at panic prices, and which will be sold at the lowest possible rates. My stock consists of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, NOTIONS, &c., &c.,

And all articles usually kept in a first class store.

apr3'67:3m

LAUGHING GAS

ADMINISTERED BY DR. MURRAY, Rochester, Pa., in extracting teeth. I have added to my many other facilities for the successful prosecution of my profession, this invaluable pain-killing agent. All branches of Dentistry performed in the best and most modern style. All work done as cheap, and fifty per cent. better than at any other Steam Dental Establishment in the State. my9'66:1y